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Manufactures.

Louisville Furniture Manufacturing Company.

We made a brief allusion in our last issue to this Company, which is about surfacing machine, capable of planing to inaugurate a new era in the manufac- boards 28 inches wide simultaneously on ture of furniture, from the choicest pattern down to the most common design. Having since made a personal examination of its different apartments, we are now better prepared after the courtesies extended by the experienced foreman caden, to give a few interesting facts relative to the machinery in use, and material from one floor to the other. other specialities regarding its internal Classed with other new inventions we arrangements, which reflect the highest eredit upon the various parties who have exerted themselves so zealously, and regardless of expense, in the construction of the entire establishment.

We desire, however, before approaching a description of the building in de- substance; and last, but not least, an tail, to say a word in relation to the admirably arranged circular post planer, manufacturing interests of Louisville, which planes and squares stuff at the equally applicable to this branch of same time. The various kinds of mamanufacture as others, which heretofore chinery are put in motion by an engine has remained in a somewhat obscure of 40 horse power, which is located in and neglected state, simply because of rear of the basement. To crown the enthe erroneous impression, that dealers tire plan of this Company, and which and buyers must visit other places to can be said by no other in the complesuit their fancy. Purchasers have sometimes been induced to believe that they that every article of furniture as far as could not only buy elsewhere at cheaper practicable, shall have its separate or rates, but procure a better and more durable article. If this ever were true, it is not true now. The time has come when Louisville will wrest from other localities what rightfully belongs to her, and vindicate her just claims to having no superior in whatever mechanical ingenuity can accomplish; not in a spirit front rank in furniture establishments, of arrogant deflance, but with sure purpose and steady aim, ask no favor abroad, since her facilities for the consummation of every undertaking will be a self-evident fact to all. However much other design. This enterprise, in conjunction parties may seek to drive the trade from with four other extensive furniture manour midst, or attempt to disparage the ufacturing establishments, to which we advantages we possess as a city, rich in shall refer in a future issue, guaranties intelligence, unrelaxing in energy, and us in giving the assurance to furniture with ample capital, every underhand dealers, that Louisville is the place to get movement and covert action for so un- their supplies. worthy an end, will only meet with the disapproval of every honest mechanic, every merchant of acknowledged enterprise and intelligence, and the humblest resident of Louisville.

This manufacturing Company was organized, as previously stated, the latter known in this country some six years part of last May, with J. W. Stokes as President, and the following well known citizens as Directors: W. H. Walker, J. L. Smyser, B. H. Thurman, and Henry therefore, unfit to grace the female form. lablishment of Messrs. Davies & Co., un-Wehmhoff. The new portion of the building was commenced last August, ness was first introduced into this coun- of space, that justice might be done to under the personal supervision of Mr. try by some two or three enterprising its unsurpassed facilities for the manucorner of Jefferson and Ninth, has a depth combining energy, industry and taste, trust that both the public and the proof 268 by 40 feet. On Monday last, op- made it obvious that the increasing prietors of the Washington Foundry, erations were commenced with a force necessities of the country demanded a will not suppose that we have lost over 200 more. The main part of the fifty large cloak and mantilla manufac- mechanical skill, and the energy maniing is stocked at present with 500,000 would be in comparative poverty. We chanic and business man. feet of lumber, over two-thirds of which have now in Louisville (thanks to our enis perfectly dry and of the most substan- terprising merchants, Messrs. Otis & Co.), on the South-west corner of main and Indiana, and a small portion in Illinois. ufactures west of New York, where some and 210 feet on both sides of Ninth, Passing first through the basement one hundred and fifty girls and women covering an area of 71,400 feet. It emwhich possesses every contrivance for of our city are daily employed. Thus is ploys about 95 hands on an average,

we noticed quite a number of turning the females in our city, and one which Machinists, Blacksmiths and Laborers, 4 feet in diameter, graduated down to 18 ment in the country. inehes, and so constructed as to grind to any required shape. To the left of and their manager and designer, Mr. T. this is one of Daniel's celebrated planers, and outside of the basement we noticed the boilers connecting with the former by an iron door. Immediately in front of the basement is an apartment for fuel enclosed with iron doors, while there are flues so adjusted as to carry the cuttings from each floor to the furnace.

On the first floor, among other entirely new inventions, we were struck with the beautiful mechanism of a double both sides, and is likewise provided with an index to serve as a guide to the ope-Next, and long considered as a very great desideratum in hoisting material with the least possible delay, is an imropes for the purpose of conveying heavy may mention as singularly ingenious, what is termed a "railroad cut-off machine" for eross-cutting lumber of any length; also a moulding machine for doing. cutting regular shape mouldings of any length, and no matter how hard the tion of their appointments, it is designed adjunct piece of machinery, thus doing away with the extra amount of labor and consumption of time if performed by hand with all the skill that could be brought to bear. We therefore, without hesitation, or the expression of too high a compliment, award this Company the we care not where located as rivals. Other buildings may eover a greater area of space, but none can excel in completeness of machinery or practical

Cloak Manufactures.

A few brief notes in regard to the manufacture of cloaks, may not be uninteresting. First, it is a trade, the wholethe admission of light and ventilation, opened up a new avenue of industry to classified as Pattern Makers, Moulders, for general use."

lathes seeurely adjusted on the West has been long wanted, and we can assure besides furnishing employment to a side of the main apartment, 110 by 40 our readers that no finer workmanship, feet. At one end of this apartment is more beautiful designs, or choicer matean immense frame for five grind-stones, rials can be seen in any like establish-

This firm has spared no expense in moulding bits with astonishing rapidity procuring the best talent in the country, W. Walsh, is a man whose skill in this branch of business only requires to be known to be appreciated, while his long experience in the working of some of the largest establishments in Europe and in New York, can not fail to procure for the firm he is connected with a large and profitable business. They have imported direct from Europe one of the best cutters in the trade, a man of undoubted ability, which is proved by the entire satisfaction their garments have given this season. It is quite unnecessary for our western or southern merchants to go east to purchase their cloaks and mantillas, as the facilities which rator concerning thickness of material. Messes. Otis & Co. have in their power, together with the talent and capital employed by them, place them in a position to compete with any manufacturers in and superintendent, Mr. Alexander Cus- mense spiral screw, suspended by iron the country, and for quality of workmanship, beauty of design and richness of material, their goods are unsurpassed.

> Our merchant friends throughout the south-west will do well to patronize our Louisville manufacturers, as they will save time, money and laborers by so

The Eagle Foundry.

This Foundry, with J. S. Lithgow & co. at its head, was established in Lousville as far back as 1836.

The main building is located on the South-west corner of Clay and Main streets; is four stories in height, and in eonnection with the moulding department, covers 236 by 204 feet of ground, furnishing employment, on an average, to 120 hands; classified as Blacksmiths, Moulders, and Pattern

It differs in one specialty with every other foundry in the city, having all the necessary apparatus and on an extensive scale, for manufacturing cast-iron mantles, and to so great a degree of perfection as to excite the admiration of the most casual observer, and challenge competition with the genuine marble, both in point of durability and beauty of appearance.

Messrs. Lithgow & Co. have also a building of large dimensions (in connection with the foundry,) on the for the manufacture of copper, tin, and makes a very hard alloy. sheet-iron ware, where is also located their private office for business and reception room for visitors, They have a capital of \$250,000 to keep up operations in both departments. in both departments.

Washington Foundry.

At the outset of our allusions to the sale manufacture of which was scarcely Foundries of Louisville, it was our aim to give the most prominent establishago. Cloaks were but little used, and ments the first mention in our columns. garment, void of artistic skill, and, concerning the old and well known es-This branch of the manufacturing busi- til present writing, in addition to a lack of 75 hands, with every prospect of in- large extension of this department of sight of the high rank this establishcreasing the number in a few weeks to business. There are now upwards of ment has attained in every phase of first floor and basement will be devoted tures in New York, as well as numbers fested by the senior partner, Mr. John throughout to machinery; the second of equal size in the principal eastern and B. Davies, during an experience of and third to cabinet makers, and the western cities, thus giving employment thirty years, occupying as he does an fourth to varnishers. The yard adjoin- to thousands of females, who otherwise enviable reputation as a first class me-

This well known Foundry is situated

large number of Coppersmiths, Boiler Makers, and Sheetiron Workers. The proprietors, Messrs. Davies & Co., are all practical foundrymen, well versed in their respective departments, and manufacture will never fall short of the

their execution. The character of work done, consists chiefly of steamboat engines, of the largest dimensions, Grist Hay Press Machinery, and all kinds of Oil-Well Machinery in their minutest extensive patronage, owing to the superior character of the tools they manufacture, with a capital invested of \$250,-

We regret that space will not admit will have a just conception of its merits and extent of business transacted, from the foregoing allusions without dilating upon specialties of a more complicated and commendable character.

Items for Manufacturers.

TIN wire 1-13 of an inch in thickness sustains 34.7 lbs.; a lead wire but 28 lbs. SILVER can be beaten into plates, of which 110,000 make an inch.

A fibre of silk a mile long weighs but 12 grs., so that there are 583 miles of fibre in a pound avordupois.

ONE grain of gold will cover 52 square inches, or be 1,500 times thinner than writing paper.

An immense iron foundry, capable of turning out \$100,000 worth of work, was about completed at Honolulu.

Among the novelties recently exhibited by the New Fngland Agricultural Society, at Concord, was a locomotive steam plow, invented by a New England New land mechanic.

In the State of Missouri there are nine blast furnaces, making, when they are in full blast, about 40,000 tons, of which only three are now running.

A London daily paper notices "Mr. Russey, No. 482 New Oxford street, the inventor of buttons for trousers that never come off."

ONE hundred and eight houses in Paris are engaged in the manufacturing of Piano-fortes. They employ over 2,300 workmen.

New England pays \$47,558,560 in internal revenue taxes yearly. Her man-ufacturers pay the most of this.

The new three-cent pieces are com-North-west corner of Third and Main, and twenty-six per cent. of nickel, which

The middle of the eentre of the arch

Two iron plates 4ft. in diameter, and weighing 1,600 lbs., revolved 30 times in a minute, send sufficient heat up a fur-nace to warm a large factory. They are turned by a band and a water wheel, and last for years.

THE BESSEMER PROCESS IN AMERIca.—Says the London Mining Journal of Sept. 2nd: Messrs. Park Brothers when used were generally a home-made Not being sufficiently posted, however, have decided upon introducing the pneumatic process at their steel works in Pittsburg, U. S. It is well known that the pneumatic, or air process, steel manufacture, consists in forcing air through molten east iron, whereby the Cuscade, and in conjunction with the older portion fronting on the South-east corner of Jefferson and Ninth, has a depth corner of Jefferson and Ninth, ha wrought-iron), is extracted, and the castwrought-iron), is extracted, and the castiron brought to the nature of steel. Dr. Percy, of the Royal School of Mines, in London, has remarked that "in order that the Bessemer process should be generally applicable in this country, it must be supplemented by the discovery of a method of producing pig-iron sensibly free from sulphur and phosphorus, with the fuel and ores which are now so with the fuel and ores which are now so extensively employed in our blast-fur-naces." Prof. A. L. Fleury, in a recent paper descriptive of this process intimates a doubt of its ability to overcome tial quality, purchased in Kentucky, one of the most extensive of these manNinth streets, fronting 170 feet on Main, the obstacles mentioned, and says:

Indiana and a small portion in Illinois ufactures west of New York, where some and 210 feet on both sides of Ninth. reason for the assertion that the pneumatic process has yet many hard battles to fight before it becomes perfect enough

The Inventor of the Stocking Frame.

The history of William Lee, the inventor of the first stocking knitting machine, is a remarkable instance of perseverance under difficulties and final want of personal success, although he became a benefactor to his conn-try and the world. It is related that, when known as gentlemen of unblemished who did not appear to favor his attentions. integrity, as a guarantee that what they Whenever he visited her she would always engage in knitting very industriously, and standard accorded to men of liberality be became cisgusted, and declared that inscarcely notice his conversation. At length in their contracts and promptness in stead of following her whims any longer, he would invent something to do away with her favorite employment of knitting. After three years study and patient labor, he was able to produce all of the stocking except the foot, and Saw Mills, Tobacco, Cotton, and but several months more enabled him to accomplish this also. Now he thought his fortune surely made, but upon applying for a patent, it was absurdly refused on the ground details. The last named gives them that it would take away the living of many poor persons to whom knitting gave employ-ment. Queen Elizabeth is said to have remarked, that were it a machine for making silk stockings, a patent might have been granted, as that would affect but a small number of persons, but a monopoly of making of a more elaborate description of the stockings for the whole people, was too great a matter for any one individual. He now set machinery now in constant operation himself to overcoming this obstacle, and was in this establishment; but our readers helped by Lord Huneden, a cousin of the will have a just conception of its merits Queen, who bound his own son to him as apprentice. After another long interval of patient labor he completed a frame for making silk stockings, but even then the Queen obstinately refused to grant him a patent. Then he attempted to carry on the business of stocking making, keeping his machine a secret, and employing his own relatives as workmen. But his patron, Lord Hunsden, and also his son, the apprentice, dying about this time, he was left without capital, and almost reduced to want. Then he determined to re-move to France, where he was encouraged to set up his frames by the King, Henry IV, but just as he was about to complete extensive and favorable arrangements, the King was assassinated, and again his patron was lost, and he was left to work unaided. This entirely prostrated him, and he died of a broken heart the same year (1610). The stocking frame was finally perfected and introduced by those who had learned its construction from Lee, and thus the country received the benefits of the invention which cost the inventor a life of unrequited labor.

> THE AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES OF VIRGINIA.—By glancing at the eensus statistics of 1860, one can form an idea of he immense agricultural resources of Virginia. In that year out of an aggregate of 173,104,924 bushels of wheat produced in all the States and Territories, she yielded 13,130,977 bushels. Out of an aggregate of 838,972,740 bushels of corn, she produced 38,319,999. The whole amount of tobacco raised in all the States and Territories, in 1860, was 434,209,481 pounds. Of this amount Virginia produced 128,968,312 pounds, and Kentucky 108,126,84 pounds—these two States together producing more than half of all the tobacco grown in the Union. The cotton raised upon the soil of Virginia, though not cultivated to any great extent, is of the most ex-cellent character. In the valley of the James are lands quite as good culture of the grapes as any to be found in Ohio or California; while its grazing pastures-considering her advantages of climate, which allows her eattle to roam abroad whole months after they have to be carefully housed in the inclement North—are among the finest in the United States, not even excepting Texas.

In Boyd's ereek, Barren County, wells are a refutation of the theory that all shallow wells must be short-lived. The Kinslow well is 146 feet deep, but the oil comes from 128 feet. It was struck about the first of June, and flows through about the first of June, and flows through an one inch pipe from 30 to 35 barrels of oil a day, and there is no perceptible change in its yield since the day it was struck. The Wilkinson well, struck in May, continues to pump 25 to 30 barrels daily. The Miller well, 60 feet deep, pumps 20 to 25 barrels. The Barret at 108 feet, and the Indianapolis at 86 feet, both new wells are each yielding 20 to both new wells, are each yielding 20 to 30 barrels. In the Boyd's creek wells the oil is obtained either in or just below the black shell that crops out high up in the carbonic acid (and thereby increasing hills along the Cumberland. The oil is the heat to even above the point of of a very dark green or brownish color. of a very dark green or brownish color, and has a different odor from the Cumberland oil.

> FOREIGN LABOR FOR KENTUCKY. A number of influential gentlemen in the Bluegrass section of this State are about dispatching to Europe Mr. Droye, the well-known animal artist, to procure first class labor in Switzerland and Belgium. Among the gentlemen engaged in this commendable enterprise, are A. Buford, J. R. Viley, R. A. Alexander, A. Keene Richards, R. W. Scott and P.

OUR STREETS.—There has been but one voice lately about the condition of The pavements have been covered with mud to the depth of an

Agricultural Departmnet.

the State, and is the first of a series more than any other to deteriorate the which we will soon find time to present soil, drawing out the saltpetre which is vation before we can have intelligent of corn, too, has been deleterious with the minute details of information on manure, except from the deposit by the which to base judicious laws, to protect overflow of the river. fruits, flowers, birds and insects friendly to the farmer, and to discriminate between friends and enemies amongst birds and insects, is only to be obtained fellow citizens on this greatest secular by earefully compiling the results of the pursuit and noblest profession, especially observations of just such men as our correspondent. The insect (Mantis), for individual liberty with public order, the instance referred to, generally known genuine objects of all good government. by children as the "devil's race-horse," is more frequently killed than the "cater- ience, regards the cultivation of the soil pillar" or "cutworin," although we as the basis of every other enterprising have no better assistant than he in our efforts to exterminate destructive insects action of commerce and manufactures, that are such obstacles to success in fruit which, in their turn, employ the naviculture; and the "lady bug" has no one to speak a word in its defense, and bread of nations, and without it they is swept to destruction in our general perish. It supplies food for all who are raids against the insect tribe, because engaged in every artisan trade, while, we don't know that it is an excellent assistant in destroying the injurious apli- the profession, every merchant, every it up? This is a grave question, con-

secure the attention of interested parties, mechanic on whatever he labors, and and that they may be able to enact such all officials, down to the constable, look laws as will protect the cultivators of forward to the period when they can refruits, and protect the beautiful and tire to the country and end their days friendly birds from the wanton destruction of the soil, the most thorough system of ditching and the retion which now threatens their extine- independent of all pursuits.

We hope to hear from "Orchardist" frequently. Our columns are always

SHUCKS.—This article, which a few months since commanded a rather high various modes of preserving it—such as price, owing to a great scarcity, has, as we are informed by one of our city merchants, experienced a sudden fall, a large quantity of government shuck chiefly the first, in connection with mattresses having been disposed of to Guano, which is a deposit by birds on machinery propelled by horses cutting city dealers, consisting of hand and machine hackled, the former now selling near Peru. Plaster of Paris and the at 21 cents per hundred pounds, the lat- various descriptions of lime yield the ter at 11; or a decrease of nearty 4 cents compared with former prices.

expense is bestowed in America on fences to protect the erop from pigs. As Sterne says in the opening of his Sentimental Journey: "They manage these newed by manure is worth 500 under the things better in France," and, indeed, present system, so far as the product is throughout all Europe. The pig is confined to a small enclosure near the house, while the sheep and cattle are herded by the assistance of the sliepherd's dog, there being no division enclosures in estates containing many thousand acres jecting them to taxation. Let these the land is at its maximum richness. in the cultivation of different crops.

[For the Industrial and Commercial Gazette County

This County in its agricultural capacities, whatever may be its other qualities, is worthy the name it bears. The Three farmers from the upper counties, Kentucky State Pomological and Hor-Legislature, soon after the memorable battle of Tippeeanoe, exercised a commendable discretion in perpetuating the patriotism of Colonels Daviess and Owen, taught their neighbors a lesson upon a the town for the other, both of whom instance in Western history in which duced red clover in the fields already

The territory of the County is larger than the average of the counties abound- cess again helped to solve the difficulties ing in rich soil, but the settlement and of the old farmers upon the taxation improvement of it at an early day has question already adverted to, of how been retarded by the quantity of wet they should rest their fields when they lands threatening disease, while the had so little open land. These graziers rolling and inferior lands of Ohio County, promising health, were eagerly occu- woodland pasture, where the firewood pied. A simple and efficient remedy and undergrowth were removed for the has been applied to the wet lands by admittance of the sun, was nearly as ditching, and a large, if not a greater beneficial to stock in the summer as the portion of the County, is being occupied open field in red clover, while it lived and devoted to cultivation-a process through the winter when stock most direct, as when it deals personally with hundred little thrusts it makes with its which is becoming more gratifying needed food. They encountered great every day, and is rapidly placing her in prejudice in carrying on their system, old commonwealth.

and more recently, red clover in detach- is fenced up and in blue grass, making litigation. Let the law make such act different from each of these is the habits tion.

And here I venture, after many years of practical, and to some extent scientific farming, to offer some suggestions to my in a country, whose institutions combine History, as well as every day's experpursuit. It furnishes the means for the gation of a country. Agriculture is the as universal evidence of the dignity of member of the liberal professions, every We hope this important matter will statesman, every literary author, every

The first great principle in farming is

to restore to the soil as much, or more, as is taken from it by culture. The soil needs feeding by some process which which must be maintained. There are the application of the various manures, either animal, mineral, or vegetable. In this country the stable furnishes an island in the Southern Pacific ocean, second, and the grasses, with rotation in crops, the third, which is so cheap and What a vast amount of labor and the chief agent for renovation in this eountry. It is impossible to exaggerate and tottering. This hay salted at harthe transcendant value of manure in one form or other-two acres properly reestimated. If this maxim be sound, what want of foresight is exhibited by our farmers suffering one-half of their tracts to remain unproductive in the rarely saves the land from deterioration thinking, who like the marksmen acwoods, yielding them nothing, but subprofit by the history of Shelby County, The true policy is to feed it with manure down birds simply because they set fair ed consumption, and the return freight which 40 years ago exported 3000 hogsheads of tobacco, a little hemp, and an the crop, the land is continually increas- would abstain from such ruthless de-The Farming Interests of Daviess average crop of corn, either fed to hogs ing in fertility. Will any farmer in this struction if taught to appreciate those directly or through the distillery. The farmers paid taxes on one-half of their tracts with no income, except every other year beech mast for their hogs. where grass, in the language of Isaac Cunningham, the prince of graziers, was money, removed to the county, and by naming the County for the first, and question which was extremely embarassing to them; how to rest or renew devoted their lives to their country in their exhausted lands, having only onethe Indians had been defeated in a night worn out in tobacco and corn, and enattack in which they were the assailants. tered upon the plan of making blue grass in these woodlands, and this preestablished by their practice that a the front rank of counties in the noble some neighbors regarding them as only the wrong-doer for destroying animall results in death as certainly as though fit for the lunatic hospital, but the lan-The history of the farming in the guage of Scripture was fulfilled in the the first case, I think the act should not Mantis. Each little thrust inserts an County is soon told. Tobacco, corn and results-"by their fruits ye shall know be treated as a trespass or private wrong. timothy hay, in the order named, were them." The growth of grass the next Farmers ought not to be invited by law,

ed places.* The County has a command- every acre, whether in open lands or in a misdemeanor punishable with fine or of the spider, another predaccous insect, ing position on the Ohio river, which the woods, yield a revenue. The terri- imprisonment, and let the farmer or any which lives by his cunning as a trapper, has afforded a facility for the export of tory is much smaller than that of private person have power to arrest and covering the whole surface of the earth We call attention of orchardists tobacco, eorn and hay, giving valuable Daveiss, being only 22 by 24 miles, and carry the culprit before the nearest magto the communication in our columns returns for agricultural labor, in despite yet in the report of the Vice-President istrate to be dealt with according to law. nook and corner, however dark, proto memorialize the Legislature on the of the injudicious management of the of that congressional district in 1839, to Near the towns most of such offenders vided insect inhabitants are to be found subject of laws protecting fruits, birds, soil in the continued production of ex- the State Society, the export was \$600,- are a sabbath breaking, law defying set there. etc. It is from the pen of one, perhaps, hausting crops. Of these tobacco has 000, and it is reported now to exceed a of folks, with no domicil where they more able to instruct than any other in been the chief, and has contributed million of dollars. The graziers have a could be found at a future time by an your Committee feel warranted in adoptto our readers. We want careful obser- so necessary to its life. The cultivation the practice of feeding the corn they to grant them a free pardon. By way be so fortunate as to secure favorable action or efficient laws. We all know reference to the improvement of the fields, leaving a valuable manure from rights of individuals—persons with a how is this popular instruction to be imwhat is wanted, in general terms, but land in many farms yielding no rest or the cattle and the rotted stocks of corn, known residence might be exempted parted to the masses? To me it appears clover is not permitted to ripen, for it is a biennual plant and runs out in 2 years, while the blue grass is perrenial, and, therefore, inexhaustible, being made more valuable by age and needing no

re-seeding. Can the good people of this County be persuaded to follow the example of the farmers of Shelby County? and will they set earnestly to work to introduce blue same time renew their open fields by something substantial to feed the eartheither stable manure or red clover mixed with timothy or blue grass, to prevent what is called hooving in cattle, and by resting the field for 4 years, when from the virgin soil, especially if cultivated by double ploughing in breaking sidering that the introduction of grass requires less manual labor, now so scarce, the efforts of muscle. Two preliminary moval of all undergrowth and every briar, even to the loss of the wine made of blackberries.

The meadow lands of this County should be fed constantly with manure will restore its strength-it has a life from the stables, which would be an easy task near the livery stables, but in the remote farms it might be economical to import Plaster of Paris, Guano, or lime from oyster shells. A strong appeal is made to the owner when he finds two tons instead of one from an acre, as much daily of the heavy as of the more than one ton per acre should be broken up with double ploughing-sown in wheat mixed with clover and orchard acceptible, that with stable manure it is grass seed, which ripens at the same time and keeps the clover from falling vesting is sought for by stock in the winter to the exclusion of other food.

A word as to a rotation of crops, a unless grass seed shall be sown with the of small grain with tobacco or corn, unless the process is commenced when or the grasses, so that whatever may be and presented a good target, but who county come up to this standard?

C. S. Todd.

For the Industrial and Commercial Gazette. ticultural Society.

In Dr. B. B. Young and others, a Committee to memorialize the Legislature.

GENTLEMEN: -Judging from the read iness with which former Legislatures have enacted local game laws and a partial bird law, I think the greatest that sanguinary struggle, being the first half in cultivation. These graziers intro-difficulty that lies in the way of accomplishing the duty imposed upon you to the satisfaction of those you represent. will be the perplexing labor of agreeing blows as deadly among caterpillars as in your own minds what ought to be asked at the hands of the General Assembly. Fully persuaded that the present precarious success in fruit culture calls loudly for Legislative action, I it to the greenhouse or any desired spot. propose to give you, for what they are and its eggs are so compactly deposited worth, a few suggestions on this subject and so securely protected that they are resulting from observations somewhat easily transmitted from country to counlong continued.

Not to tire with preliminaries, I may remark that any law upon this subject must be direct or incidental in its action, the culprit for stealing or destroying fruits-incidental, as when it punishes or insects beneficial to fruit culture. In inflicted by the strong forearm of the the staple productions, with small fields year dissipated all doubt, and in ten and I think moreover they could not of wheat, rye, oats, and occasionally, years half the county, and now all of it afford, to spend their time in pleayune victim pierced; and yet, again, how

habits of birds (authorities differing so practical periodicals, either to create a names it will be palpable to your Committee that the present law needs devoted to natural history, well edited amendment and that the protected list grass into their woodlands and at the needs enlargement. The sparrow, robin, wren, red-bird, blue-bird, and screechowl are the names embodied in the law, leaving out as you will perceive, the whole order of Picae, embracing the starling or red-winged black-bird, crow a grater crop may be expected than black-bird, magpie, oriole, all the woodpeckers, the crow and blue-jay. This latter bird, beside his too great intimacy with and weekly visits to the father of mischief (as the nursery legends have it), is a notorious plunderer and dethan tobacco or corn, machinery in stroyer of other birds' nests, and for this planting and harvesting dispensing with crime alone deserves outlawry. But there is a better feeling towards most of duties are required in this County, a the other members of the order. It is true the red-headed wood-peeker will have a share of the cherries, and the crow will steal an occasional egg, but in the main they are great insect-slayers, and it is hardly wise to hold such helpers to a too strict accountability for poaching a little in times of scarcity. Man, himself, the boasted lord of creation, when relying on his labor for his maintenance, often is compelled by eircumstances to ask at the hands of his employer for that which he has not earned, especially if he have a mate and any number of little responsibilities depending upon his exertions. This need light crop. Every meadow yielding not the employer relieves without reluctance, dignifying the gift with the title of alms. Why should he act less charitably towards his feathered auxiliaries? But supposing the proper penalties

imposed by law upon all transgressors upon the domain of the orchard, and upon all persons attempting the destruction of privileged birds, the duties of your Committee will not then be fully be educated and set right on this and as auxiliaries to the orchardist and farmer. Nor, indeed, should this popular instruction be confined to the subject of birds, a knowledge of the habits of insect life is searcely less replete with interest to the farmer than that of the habits of birds. Many beetles and flies, by means sometimes the most opposite, spend their short lives in labors which redound to his advantage. Thus one species of the Genus Mantis, the Carolina, is gigantie in his proportions and in his museular strength, insomuch so, that with his jagged and powerful forearm he deals any Sampson among Philistines with the jawbone of an ass; and what is equally remarkable, it is said this insect may be gentled and utilized by removing

On the other hand, the little ichneuman fly is the personification of weakness, and yet in every one of the three ovipositor upon three hundred different larvae or aphides, it deals a blow which egg in the body of its victim, which is warmed into life and nursed to a full grown state at a cost of life itself to the

with his meshes, and every accessible

In conclusion, I may say that should process to renovate their lands not officer, and not to apprehend such folks, ing a course in any degree similar to known to the mere planter, and that is stagrante delicto, would be in substance that herein pointed out, and should you have previously cut up on the clover of throwing guards around the personas action on the part of the Legislature, and this process is essential where the from present arrest, except by an officer. that the example set by the great State A bird law, giving incidental protec- of New York promises the best results. tion to the orchard, is a work of difficulty | She has an able naturalist and efficient when you attempt details, and in the secretary as salaried members of her present state of our knowledge of the Agricultural Board, and some of her widely), it will be impossible to make a demand in the public taste for this sort perfect list, but in reading over the of information, or else to meet one already existing, contain a department and often rendered spicy by the criticism of some appreciating reader. If so martin, mocking-bird, thrush, swallow, inclined we could do likewise, and perhaps we could not do better.

AN ORCHARDIST.

Manufactures and Agriculture.

The intimate dependence of agriculture, for its enlargement and compensation, upon the establishment of manufactures is well put in the following extract from the new official volume of statistics compiled from the last Federal census, by Mr. Kennedy, late Superintendent of the census. Mr. Kennedy

"To enter upon any discussion respecting the relative importance of interests which hold such intimate relations, with such indispensable independence reciprocally as agriculture and manufactures, the one augmenting the prosperity of the other, neither flourishing with the other languishing, would To every observer the fact is evident that lands enhance in value in proportion to the capital expended in manufactures, and that negligence and barrenness disappear in proximity to riches and population. The poor aere, with its rocks and tangled thickets, becomes transformed, by the presence of the factory or iron works, into a productive garden of greater value than fourfold its quantity of the most fertile valley distant from the avenues to the mar-In truth, farming lands, everyket. where, fertile as they may be, would ossess but little value were it not for the consumption of their surplus produce either as food to sustain a commercial and manufacturing population, or as raw materials in the arts and manufactures, and, other things being equal, it will be found that the prices of lands and the value of their products vary in proportion to the cost of transporting the latter to their place of consumption. These prices are not controlled so much mode of renovation of the second grade, discharged. Public sentiment ought to by distance as by the cost of carriage, as we see illustrated in the effect of railroads and other means of convey small grain; for the mere alternating kindred subjects. There are hundreds ance, which deliver at a profit to the of young men, not evil disposed, but un- producer those articles which, transported by ordinary means, would cost more than the value of the erop in market, companying the railroad exploring ex- and this results from the enhanced pedition to the Pacific, would shoot worth of produce occasioned by increasin articles of manufacture, a process constituting the greater portion of commerce.

The system of Agriculture, as pursued chinery, could no more continue without the aid of the machanic arts, than it would pay with the absorption of its products by manufactures, or than man-ufactures could thrive independently of the products of agriculture or the consumption of mechanical productions by the farmer, and so inseparable are they identified in interest, that with the spindle at rest, and the anvil ceasing to ring, the plow must inevitably stop in the furrow."

THE supply of wool in 1864 is estimated to have been as follows:

.158,173,093

THE number of patents issued at Washington since January 1, 1865, is 6,-220. The estimated number to be issued during the coming month is 450, making a total of 6,670 for the year 1865. The number issued in 1864 was 5,250.

In England, a half a holiday on Saturday afternoon is almost universal among the business men and manufacturers. Few factories or stores are open, and the principle is even extending into the public offices.

THE operation of easting a cubic block of steel, of the enormous weight of 100 tons, was successfully accomplished re-cently at the new works of Messrs. Bessamer & Sons, at East Greenwich, England.

THE New Albany, Indiana, Ledger says an ex-army sutler, who resides in Indianapolis, made \$2,000,000 in four-teen months, which he invested in United States bonds, thus escaping taxa-

Mining and Gil.

Continental Petroleum Company.

This Company, as yet in its infancy, is now undergoing the process of organization, which will be completed about the first of next January, when the names of its officers, directors, etc., will be furnished.

The leased territory selected for the Company, consists of 20 tracts, embracing 2,749 acres, situated on Crocus, Greasy, and Russel creeks, in Russel County, within a short distance of the Cumberland river, and within the celebrated "Oil Basin" of Kentuck, where, years ago, parties boring for salt, struck oil which flowed thousands of barrels. Oil at that time was considered as a salt miners, as at almost every place years. they bored for salt, the result was noth-

A number of these old salt wells are now undergoing a thorough cleaning out, with a view to test them for a further supply of oil, and we have also ascertained through reliable sources, that several of them have already yielded a good quality in paying quantities.

The Cumberland river region, we also learn, has the largest yielding well in the State, besides other wells of similar capacity, affording a sanguine hope of unusual success.

Glasgow Petroleum Company.

The active managing director of the Glasgow Company, Mr. J. R. Redding, was in our city last week, and reports that the operations at their well on Boyd's Creek, are progressing finely, having reached a depth of 600 feet in the third sand-stone, giving sufficient indications of oil to justify pumping. The necessary apparatus was accordingly ordered, producing thus far the most gratifying results, but to what extent we have not yet been apprised. In addition to these encouragements, the experienced operators are making preparations to develop more of their territory, aiming to commence operations at an early day. The Company own by lease 2,525 acres of rich territory, situated on Boyd's, Skegg's, Peter's, and Bearer creeks and branches.

As near as can be ascertained, there are now over 50 wells in Barren County, and the quantity of oil from those yielding will probably amount to 500 barrels.

This fact alone, independent of favorable news from Cumberland river and other oil sections, confirms our belief that Kentucky is destined to become the greatest oil State in America.

[For the Industrial and Commercial Gazette. Kentucky-Her Mineral Resources.

BY PROF. C. W. WRIGHT.

It is difficult to make anything like an accurate statement of the mineral resources of a State like that of Kentucky, especially so when it is remembered that was in no way adequate to the accomplishment of even a general reconnoiscould not be arrived at, although the

the quality which adapts it to the reduc- dye. tion of that metal to its elementary condition. This ore has been tested in numerous instances, and has been found to are about to establish among themselves dition. This ore has been tested in nufurnish iron of the best quality, which an association for purchasing articles of has realized a ready sale when thrown into market. Charcoal has generally been employed in the reduction of this metal, but coke, in many cases, would answer the purpose as well. Other ores are increasing rapidly in various parts of iron, as the carbonate, have also been of France. discovered, and have yielded an excel-

immense deposits of Manganese in line.

Bath county, and for a number of years used the article thus obtained, in the laboratory of the Kentucky School of Medicine, in the preparation of Chlorine, and manganic salts. This ore is not as pure as that imported from Germany, but is present in such vast quantities, and is so accessible as to enable us to substitute it for the imported article. The impurity in the Kentucky Manganese is pure white ocean sand, or silex, which will enable the manufacturer of and the diameter of the sky-light is 10 feet. glass to employ it in his art without previous preparation. This ore, Manganese, has many uses in the arts, a not insignificant one of which is the preparation of the bleaching compounds of soda and lime, known as chlorides of lime and soda. There is a sufficiency of this ore in Kentucky alone, to supgreat drawback for the operations of the ply the world for the next hundred

> are extensively diffused throughout the able space at those rates. State. In making surveys in Owen and Henry counties, I have found veins of pure sulphide of lead from eighteen to could not suppose that we would pay you a difference in veins are verticle, and not horizontal, or parrallel with the plains of stratification. Vertical veins are generally of immense depth, and increase in thick- mission on all cash subscribers you send us. ness as we descend. This has proved to be the case here, so far as investigations have been made. Miners have an expression that vertical veins do not begin to pay well until they have attained cholera. a depth of two or three hundred feet below the grass. The deposits of lead ore in Owen and Henry counties are restriced to the upper silurian formation. The lead mines on the upper Mississippi, and those of Missouri are confined to the same geological position. iFne specifound in other geological positions .-Thus specimens of pure ore, weighing several pounds, have been sent to me from Breckinridge, Lyon, and Hopkins counties. Woodford county furnishes five specimens of lead ore, and, in fact; there is not a section of the State that has not furnished more or less of this mineral. Many of the specimens of SEWING lead ore from Woodford county, are associated with black-jack, or the sulphide of zine. Most of the specimens of lead ore found in this State are associated with heavy spar as a matrix, or blossom; others again are accompanied by flour spar, and calcareous spar. The heavy spar has a commercial value, being used as an admixture with white lead. The flour spar, also, has its uses, one of which is etching letters, or figures, upon the surface of glass.

Several companies are now organized for the purpose of working the lead ores of Kentucky, and one or two are now in practical operation.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Wonders of Nature.

It is a wonderful thing to look abroad over the face of nature, and see how every mineral, vegetable, and animal production is constituted so as to minisan accurate geological survey of the ter in some way to the wants of man-State has never been instituted. In the to see the vegetable world silently enimperfect survey made by Prof. Owen, the appropriation by the Legislature man, and man, impelled by instinct, man, and m selecting these as his own proper food— to behold not only his food and drink flowing constantly to him through the sewn into human apparel, ance of the resources of the State, and, ever-revolving cycle of three kingdoms, of course, anything like an approxima- but even his most valuable ornaments tion of the "earth wealth" of the State presented through the same natural channel tis more than wonderful, it is work performed by the gentlemen engaged in the explorations deserve the highest praise.

In a brief article like the present, it is a brief article like the present articl In a brief article like the present, it lilies of the field, and the insects of the will be impossible to do more than glance at some of the principal matters pertaining to the Mineral resources of our State. And, first, it is almost a work of the field take no thought for the morrow," but the unseen finger that supererogation to call attention to our opens their petals to the day points them resources in the ores of iron. The different oxides of iron, known as hematites, are present in inexhaustible quantities in various parts of the State, and makes the arid desert blossom as a rose, at points convenient forshipments, and, but it furnishes food for an insect that at the same time, convenient to coal of clothe man with the same resplendent

lent quality of iron.

As regards other valuable ores, the author of this article has discovered improved density of Marganese in the length of the Nashville railroad for points along the line of the Nashville railroad for points along the line of the Nashville railroad for points along the line of the Nashville railroad for points along the line of the Nashville railroad for points along the line of the Nashville railroad for points along the line of the Nashville railroad for points along the line of the Nashville railroad for points along the line of the Nashville railroad for points along the line of the li

City Items.

The restrictions to shipments of freight at Atlanta and south of there have been removed, and freight is is received at the Nashville Depot for all points south as

South side, seeme to be increasing in business.

A proposition is now before the Board of Trade to oc-

ccupy the second story room in the building on Fourth street, betwen Main street and the river, now occupied by Messrs. Cropper Paton & Co. This hall is 88 feet in ength, by 28 feet 6 inches in width-height 17 feet and 27 feet beneath the dome, the diameter of which is 22 feet,

The movement now on foot to extend the Lebanon branch of the L. &. N. R. R. to East Tennessee, wiil, if uccessful, be fruitful of immense advantage to this city. There is on exhibition at the Agricultural Warehous of Messrs. Plakin, Waird & Co., quite an unique invention, styled "The Patent Barrel," which may be deserv lng of inspection by our merchants and wholesale deal ers in all kinds of fruit or grain.

Answers to Correspondents,

J. S. WILLIAMS, St. Louis .- On first column of first Oars of lead, commonly called galena page find our advertising terms, from which we make no deduction. We find no difficulty in filling all our avail-

Sidney E. Morse, Jr. & Co., New York.—Your circular North West Corner 7th & Main Streets, was no doubt sent us through mistake. You certainly twenty inches in thickness. These exchange of papers, when ours is published at \$1 and yours at \$3 50.

> Rev. T. E. R., Scottsville, Ky .- We cannot accept your proposition, but will give you a place in our advertising columns, on our usual terms, and allow you a fair com-

> V. E. R., Owensboro.'-The Hog Cholera is not arrest ed by Jack Frost or even by freezing weather. On the contrary, the rayages of this disease are equally as great In winter as in summer. Our paper of last week contained two receipts for the prevention and cure of Hog

Bate Advertisements.

THE

same geological position. iFne specimens of galena have, however, been 200,000th WHEELER

AND

WILSON

ON EXHIBITION

THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL FAIR

Berlin, Prussia.

To have made and sold so great a number of Machines is an evidence of the marvelous and universal popularity of the Wheeler & Wilson Machine, and everywhere globe, where fabrics are it has maintained its repuof bitter competition, as LEASES AND INTERESTS The fact that this popularity LASTS, is proof that it CIMMANIA OIL COMPANY,

EVERY MACHINE IS Warranted THREE YEARS.

FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN

At the house of the customer, and neither pains nor expense spared to have

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

Wm. Sumner & Co.

No. 1 Masonic Temple.

PLANTER'S HOTEL, SIXTH ST., near Maln, Louisville, Ky., D. W. Poor, Proprietor. The nearest Hotel to the Steamboat Landing, the Tobacses, and the Principal Wholesole Houses

W. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER,

S. W. COR. SEVENTH & JEFFERSON STS., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Miscellaneous.

COSMOPOLITAN GIFT BOOK ROOM. 210 Fourth Street,
Opposite National Hotel, Louisville.

The largest and most liberally conduct The largest and most interary conducted establishment of the kind in the United States.
We constantly keep on hand all the standard and miselaneous books published, which we sell at the lowest
publishers' prices, and a giff with each book, at the time
of sale, worth from fifty cents to one hundred dollars.—
Catalogues malied to any address upon the receipt of five
cents, or furnished gratis at the store,
Prompt attention paid to orders.

M. MURPHY, Agent,

M. MURPHY, Agent, Post-Office Box 76.

D. B. LEIGHT. R. F. COOKE. L. PORCH. D. B. LEIGHT & CO.,

MERCHANTS.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

U.B. EVARTS & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FRENCH & AMERICAN WINDOW GLASS, Paints.

PAINTER'S MATERIALS. LINSEED OIL,

Benzine, Varnishes

OF ALL KINDS. ALSO,

Carbon, Lard & Lubricating OILS,

Lamps & Trimmings, LANTERNS, CHANDELIERS, &C. Main, bet. Third & Fourth Sts., LOUISVILLE, KY.

R. BROWN & Co. **IMPORTERS**

AND

Wholesale Dealers

Hosiery, Gloves, Laces, EMBROIDERIES

FANCY GOODS.

NO. 199 MAIN Street,

(OLD NO. 528,)

Between Fifth and Sixth, (UP STAIRS.)

Barren County, Ky.

Rare Inducements!

THIS COMPANY, WHICH WAS THIS COMPANY, WHICH WAS organized in February last, with a Capital of \$300,000, working Capital, \$42,000, divided into 15,000 shares, at \$2) par value, with 1390 acres of land, now offers to re-lease a portion of their choice territory to companies who are willing to operate. The Germania has already received propositions from parties in the East who design active operations next Spring; but no definite agreement having yet been made, all who are interested in the progress of their wells, with every indication thus far of still richer velns of oil, are invited to examine their claims to as fine territory as can be found in other oil lands throughout the State.

The Company also desires the services of a Superintendent, one who can bring testimonials as to his competency and experience in all respects. None other need apply.

Call on or address Mr. Nicholas Miller, Secretary, with Fabel & Co., Main Street, between 1st and 2d, South side.

Premium Pigs, PROM the largest Sow in Kentucky, 5or sale at \$30 per pair. Enquire at this office.

Drugs und Medicines.

EDWIN MORRIS & CO., WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS.

No. 197 West Main St., (OLD NO. 528,)

BETWEEN FIFTH & SIXTH.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

CHAS. H. PETTET,

R. A. ROBINSON & CO. WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

No. 515 Main Street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

J. S. MORRIS & SONS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS

Fancy Goods, 154 MAIN STREET.

Between Fourth & Fifth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Henry Chambers & Co.

WHOLESALE

MAIN STREET. Between Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Ziquors.

. Monks & Cobb

Bourbon, Nelson, and Marion County COPPER DISTILLED Whiskies,

NO. 287 MAIN STREET,

Between Seventh and Eighth,

Louisville, Ky. G. H. COCHRAN. EDW'D FULTON.

COCHRAN & FULTON.

WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealers

NO. 330 MAIN STREET, Between Third & Fourth. LOUISVILLE, EY.

WELLER & BUCKNER,

DEALERS IN

PURE COPPER DISTILLED BOURBON

No. 223

WEST MAIN STREET,

(Opposite Louisville Hotel,)

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Judustrial & Commercial Gazette

J. HAL. TURNER, H. M. M'CARTY, EDITORS.

Assisted in the various departments by the following gentlemen:
GEO. W. MORRIS—Department of Commerce.
ARTHUR PETER—Department of Manufactures.
Prof. J. LAWRENCE SMITH—Mining, Oil, and Ap-ISAAC SHELBY TODD—Department of Agriculture.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

BATURDAY, - - - - DEC. 16, 1865.

W. Scott GLORE is the principal Agen for this paper. The trade supplied and sub-scriptions received through him.

Single copies of our paper, neatly done up in wrappers, may be had at our counting and editorial rooms, (corner of Main and Bullita) at 10 cts each, or \$1 per dozen.

Our New Advertisers.

TERRY & SMITH, Wholesale Groeers and Commission Merchants. Mr. Terry has long been associated with the trade of Louisville, and Mr. Smith is well known in the Green river country as a man of energy and probity of character.

ANDERSON, M'CAMPBELL & Co., are successors to the popular house of Hughes & Parkhill, and are one of our largest firms of importers and wholesale dealers in foreign and domestic dry goods.

HAYNES, NEEL & Co., nearly opposite the Louisville Hotel, have a stock now on hand that is probably unsurpassed by any house in the eity. Besides their large assortment of Hosicry, Gloves, and varied notions, they are now opening a large and beautiful stock of Fancy Goods particularly designed for the Holidays.

OTIS & Co., the extensive Cloak Manufacturers, have a new column, in which they communicate some interesting facts.

E. D. MORGAN, Glasgow, Ky., agents for G. Whittier & Co., advertise a Horse Power Drilling Machine, which seems holes. Very few buildings between of Cave Hill and neighboring cemeto be eminently deserving the attention of the public, and of oil companies in particular.

The Winter and Spring Trade.

The superiority of the geographical position of our city as the great commercial metropolis of the South-west, is never so unmistakably demonstrated as in winter, when the icy breath of the North wind has sealed up navigation and the snow-king has laid his embargo upon the Northern railway system.

While her less favored competitors North of the Ohio river are for months in every year as completely isolated from the South-west, for all purposes of commerce, as though the Atlantic rolled between them, Louisville, from her position South of the frozen belt, enjoys unbroken communication throughout the year. And in this peculiarly fluctuating period, time is everything. The merchant who suffers his winter and spring stock-in which, not unfrequently, his entire wealth is investedto become ice-bound North of the Ohio river, may as well "throw up the sponge." Louisville is the only first class whole- and honorable dealing partially recovsale market open to the South-west at ered his losses and died possessed of a all seasons of the year.

Not unmindful of this climatic advantage, our enterprising mcrchants have improved the open fall and mild early winter in cramming their spacious storehouses with everything needful for the winter and early spring trade. The stock of goods on hand in this city on the first day of December, was not less than one hundred per cent. larger than st any previous period in her history, and has been largely increased every day since; yet, in view of the unpreeedented amount and steadiness of the late summer and fall trade, it is regarded as exceedingly doubtful whether even this increased stocks will be sufficient to preached in the city. meet the demand should the winter

Rates of transportation southward from this city have been reduced fully fifty per cent. within the last four months, and will be reduced still further as fast as competition can be brought to where the Bank of Kentucky now is. bear upon the bloated monopolies that have so long preyed upon the public. Instead of preparing to go into winter quarters with her northern competitors, our wide-awake eity is under marching orders for a vigorous winter campaign.

STINE & Co., No. 9 Main street, (second door above the Bank of Kontucky), are one of our largest commission firms, and are dealing extensively in woolen goods, wool, feathers, ginseng, beeswax, dried fruits, etc. We recomcouth and south-west.

Reminiscences of Louisville.

whole West,) of which we took down a brief memorandum.

zette," with much interest, advertise- hunt him up. ments and all, and thought it an enter-

1812; one Paul Skidmore being the con- to sell it by weight.

There were then but two hotels, (or taverns,") here; the "Union Hall," 3d, where the Bank of Kentucky now he remembers as boys at that time. Lestands. This latter was kept by Reuben Taylor, and owned by Capt. Nelson. It was a log house weatherboarded, and one story high. There was but one ness in 1832, and even of those then in bank, of which Thos. Prather was President, and John Bustard the Cashier. few names as he glances over the adver-The bank was kept in Mr. Bustard's tising pages of our daily and weekly house, near the present Ormsby House, and opposite our editorial rooms.

Market, but even a portion of that small fares and in the columns of our business area was in ponds, woods and mud- papers, have been transferred to the slabs Main and the river. Old Major Harrison lived on the eorner of Main and 6th. His property ran back to Market, and was cultivated as a little farm. There Where the Post Office and Custom House now is, was then regarded as back in left yesterday for the cotton States, the country, and where the Cathedral where he expects to spend the winter in Just above the present site of the Bank | men, and in extending as far as possible out to Jefferson, along which was but mending him to the kind courtesies of one building, a tannery. The site of the that proverbially hospital country. old Galt House was a vacancy, and a brick house was first built thereon by Dr. Galt in 1813.

in a log house on Main, between 3d and the number is a new onc.) fourth, where is now the Bank of Louisville. He established at Shippingsport a large Milling and Commercial order and in a style not excelled East or house,-made a great deal of moneyinvested and lost largely in the celebrated "Yazoo Claim," but by energy days. ley, and the fine steamer Taraseon was named for him.

in Louisville were Doctors Galt, Ferguchers and churches were few. Worship make every department of the Gazette fuel used for their engine. was usually held in private families. There was no Catholic church, but Father Baden came once a month from Bardstown to say mass and preach, and he preached with a "vim." Rev. Ben. Adams, of the Methodist Church (father of the late Ben. Adams), frequently

Capt. Rudd came here about a year after Mr. Colmesnil, A. Throckmorton report in time for our next issue? We memories. some two or three years after, and Mr. Guthrie some years later.

John T. Gray, in a log house, opposite suing year. There was at that time a modest residence on the lot now occupied by the Citizen's Bank, our editorial rooms, etc., which was occupied by the Bullitt family. This lot and all the property back of it to the river, and down to 6th street, of the famous "Sumner County Cashwas owned by Thomas and Cuthbert Bullitt.

town-a weekly sheet called the "Monitor," conducted by Nicholas Clarke.

Mr. Colmesnil's trade at first was in groceries and produce, and his transporhis groceries in the cellar of a house subscribers at Dalton, Georgia.

down near what is now known as 8th street, which was a considerable distance We recently spent a day at Paroquet from the business part of the town. Springs and had a conversation with Customers from the country being irthe venerable John D. Colmesnil, (at regular in their ealls, he did not stay one time the largest merchant and pro- about the cellar at all times during what duce dealer in this city, if not in the would now be called "business hours," and it has happened that wagoners would sometimes want a barrel of sugar The old gentleman said he had read or sack of coffee when he was off fishthe "Industrial and Commercial Ga- ing, and had to go along the river to

All that time Bardstown was much prise that ought to be remunerative, ahead of Louisville in point of business 18th inst., when the Society will be reboth to publishers and patrons. He said and social advantages, and Shepherdsthat in looking over the advertising col- ville was considered a place of almost and public-spirited farmers in Washing- fer country and city dealers in clothing umns he found few familiar names—no equal promise. Smiley and Jacobs had one now doing business in Louisville a large business house at Shepherdsville have usually been among the most Jones & Tapp, whose store is located at who was living there when he started and the salt trafic of that neighborhood pleasant and successful of any held in No. 529 Main street, up stairs. in trade in 1811, and very few who was very considerable. Then salt was a were there when he quit business in circulating medium, if not a legal tender, and notes were given for so many bush-When he came to Louisville, about els of salt. Money was scarce-partieuthe year 1810, the population of the city larly small change—and "cut money" did not exceed 1,500, all told. None of was the rule rather than the exception. the streets were paved, and no foot- This cut money circulated in the West progress. walks. The first paving done was one with a valuation based upon size, but

The only persons now living in the eity whom Mr. Colmesnil remembers as being in business here when he came, kept by John Gwathmcy, corner of 5th are Thomas Joyce and Wm W. Lawes. and Main; the other on Main, above Judg Joyce, Fred Kay and some others vi Tyler, who died a few years since, was then a elerk with Worden Pope.

Mr. Colmesnil withdrew from busibusiness in the city he recognizes but papers. Thirty-three years have, of ten thousand mouse mills in operation, The city at that time extended from of the names which in 1832 were seen 3d to 6th, and from the river back to upon the sign boards of our thorough-

OFF FOR THE SOUTH .- Our worthy young friend, R. A. EDELEN, of the enwere but three brick houses in the town. | terprising firm of Thompson & Edclen, Wholsalc Hatters, 189 West Main street, stands was then covered with woods, eultivating the acquaintance of business

Persons in want of books, stationery, or other articles in that line, can price above the ordinary Barrel. The merchants then doing business in | not do better than to call on John P. Louisville were Prather & Jacobs, A. Morton, at his old and well-known Tarascon. The latter gentleman lived the house is old and well-known, though

Mr. Morton manufactures blank books, of any required description, at short assortment of fancy goods for the holi-

FOR NEXT WEEK.—We have on file entertaining and profitable to those interested in the topics discussed.

KENTUCKY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. -We regret not having received a report of the proceedings of the State Secretary or some other friend send us a are pleased to learn that Col. Bradford, of Bracken, was re-elected President, The Post Office in 1811-12 was kept by and J. W. Tate as Secretary for the en-

to an Illinois company, thirty-five head lishment in a short time. of Cashmere goats, embracing full-bloods and grades. Mr. W. was the originator mere Importing and Breeding Company," and there are few Cashmeres in There was but one newspaper in the the West that did not originally come issue. It will appear in our next. from his flock.

> Our thanks are due Mrs. Sue M'Carty and Mr. John B. Baker, for

Brief Mention.

SPRINGFIELD AGRICULTURAL SOCIversation with Mr. Ed. Davidson, the and examine for themselves. efficient President of the Washington County Agricultural Society, in which we were pleased to learn that it is de- for the interesting article contributed termined to hold a fair at Springfield to this number, upon "The farming innext year, and that a meeting to further this object has already been held. An- he will fevor us with other contributions other meeting is called for Monday, the from his gifted pen. organized. There are many wealthy sou county, and the Springfield fairs and furnishing goods to the card of the State.

NEW YORK AND KENTUCKY PETROthe prospectus of this Company, containing a brief history of its geological

The capital stock of the Company is square on Main-from 4th to 5th-in when merchants took it East they had \$500,000, divided in \$100,000 shares of \$5

We notice the following list of officers Edgar M. Crawford, President.

John J. Rockeville, Vice president. A. D. Engler, Treasurer and Secretary. Lewis P. Griffith, General Superin-

tendent.

SOMETHING NEW IN MANUFACTURES. A man in Seotland is building a cotton mill to be worked by mouse power. He has succeeded in training miee to work in a sort of treadmill, and the net profits of the labors of a single mouse amounts to six shillings (or a dollar and a half) per annum. He intends to have course, wrought great changes, and most and, after paying all expenses, expects of the names which in 1832 were seen to realize from ten to twelve thousand dollars per annum .- [Exchange.

> We have heard of Wall street being moved by bulls and bears, and have known some printing offices to be worked by rats, but never before heard of machinery worked by mouse power.

Hercafter we shall give more attention and space to market reports and strictly commercial matters.

There has been left for exhibition at our editorial rooms a patent Movablehead Barrel, to which we invite the attention of those interested. We shall of Kentucky was then a pond, and a the business relations of our city in that notice it at greater length when we shall big poud extended from 3d and Main direction. We take pleasure in com- have heard the judgment of parties more capable of judging of its advantages. Upon a casual examination, it seems to us to possess mcrits which more than eounterbalance the small increase of

We would direct especial attention Bayless, Richard Maupin, and John A. stand, 425 Main street. (We mean that to some interesting facts concerning the new enterprise of the Louisville Furniture Manufacturing Company, presided over by the well-known, Mr. J. W. Stokes. This establishment will soon be in the full tide of suecess, and we West. He has also just received a fine have no doubt will prove a valuable the proximity and ability of Chile to assortment of fancy goods for the holi-auxiliary towards building up the furniauxiliary towards building up the furniture trade of Louisville.

BURNING GAS FOR FUEL.—In our bread. fair fortune for those times. He was for insertion a continuation of "The paper of the 2nd, a correspondent menthe father-in-law of Capt. Z. M. Sher- Mineral Resources of Kentucky," by a tioned that the Crossus Company were distinguished Louisville chemist; an- making arrangements to test the practiother article on "Cashmere Goats," by cability of burning the gas escaping from The physicians at that time residing Robert W. Scott, of Franklin, and other their wells as fuel in their engine. We matters of equal interest. We are now learn they have made the experison, Hall and Collins. The only law-yer of note was Gabriel Johnson. Prca-chers and churches were few. Worship

> "The Paducah Evening Register," is the title of an excelient little daily that comes to us from the metropolis of "Jackson's Purchase." We are pleased with this evidence of the pros-Agricultural Society, which convened at perity of a city where we, (the senior,) Frankfort last Wednesday. Will the spent five or six years, and around which linger some of our most pleasant

The "Hope Woolen Mills" of county. "Brownell & Co," corner Jefferson and Campbell streets, have proved a successful branch of manufactures, and one foreign about 35,000,000 pounds, making much needed in our city. We shall publish a detailed notice of this estab-

> A letter from W. H. Hays, containing some interesting facts respecting the oil regions round about Creelsboro, was received too late for insertion in this

We are pleased to be able to state that our circulation is daily increasing, and that there is not a Southern State to mend them to the merchants of the tation was chiefly in barges. He stored their interest in getting us a club of which we do not weekly send hundreds of copies of the Gazette.

We learn that there is on exhibition at the Agricultural Works of Munn & Co., corner of Eighth and Green streets, a new and improved Cotton Planter. ETY.-Some days since we had a con- Those interested would do well to call

> Our thanks are due Hon. C. S. Todo terests of Daviess County." We hope

> WHOLESALE CLOTHING.-We re-

CLOTHING.-Merchants wanting goods in this line will find the salerooms LEUM COMPANY.-We have received of Jones & Tapp well stocked, and the prices as low as those of any Eastern house.

> The Everett House, New Yorkone of the best hotels in that city-rents for \$40,000. This seems "tall," but it is \$5,000 less than Mr. Kean pays per year for the Louisville Hotel.

> FOR SALE. - A few choice Pigs-a cross between the Berkshire and Suffolk-at \$20 per pair. Address this office, or J. D. Bondurant & Co.

> ENQUIRY .- A friend desires to purchase a pair of Beagle dogs. Who can supply them?

> The Memphis mails arrive via the Nashville Railroad.

Commercial Statistics of Chile.

Commerce with England. Imports \$ 8,201,638 : : : : 15,913,295 Transit : 1,807,236 Total: \$25,922,169

| Imports from Great Britain, | Chile, | S4,431 075 | \$4,275,339 | 5,964,660 | 6,104 256 | 9,555,869 | 8,201,638 | 15,913,295 | Value of merchandise deposited in the Oustom-house stores on the 31st of De-

cember, 1864. Great Britain 6,850,887 2,940,381 Franec Germany United States: . 2,513,671 Spain 653, 471

Other eountries: 6,644,189 . Total \$32,670,895 Value of the Chilean Commercial Move ment.

\$18,867,365 : 27,242,853 4,518,089 Exports: . Transit .

Total: :: \$79,525,090 Besides the valuable direct trade with England, Chile maintains extensive commerce with many of the English Colonics. During this year Chile has supplied Australia and New Zealand with 85 cargoes (about 50,000 tons) of flour and wheat. Had it not been for high prices must have ruled there, and sufferings have been entailed on the working classes from the scarcity of

In Bureau County, Illinois, there is a farmer who has 8,000 acres under cultivation, employs eighty horses in the work, has one field of wheat, 1,350 acres sown, every acre of which can be seen from a certain point. The owner of this other farm, owned by J. P. Alexander, in Morgan County, Illinois. It consists of 80,000 acres, and not an acre of waste or poor land on the whole premises. This year he had 18,000 acres in corn, 15,000 head of hogs, and 32,000 head of cattle feeding in his pastures. He made \$175,000 last year on his stock alone.

In Ironton, Mo., on the 2d, a meeting was held which appointed a committee to report a plan of organization for an association to assist in encouraging the development of the resources of Iron

In the year 1860, the production of domestic wool was 55,020,639 pounds, of

THE people of Paducah, Ky., are agitating the building of the Paducah and Vincennes road. They think nothing but railway connections prevents that town from becoming quite a city.

The Collector of Internal Revenue is rigorously enforcing the law which requires stamps upon dray tickets, coal tickets, and all other receipts for the delivery of property.

The French savans say, to obtain sufficient nourishment from oysters alone a man must eat sixteen dozen per day.

Department of Commerce.

Chambers of Commerce.

In direct connection with the subject of Commerce to which we have referred in the first and second numbers of this paper, are Chambers of Commerce, or Boards of Trade, which have had an existence in this country for about one hundred years. These bodies were instituted to facilitate and to reduce to a system commercial transactions, with what results it is hardly necessary for us to mention, as every intelligent reader is conversant with their history. Suffice it to say that where they have been established and kept up, they have proved to be of great advantage to the community which had the sagacity to institute them, and the energy and enterprise to keep them up after they were organ-

Some fifteen years ago an effort was made in this city to establish a Chamber of Commerce, which, for awhile, worked well; daily meetings were held, reports from various important commercial cities were regularly received, a paper in the commercial interests of the city was established and conducted by men of ability and experience, and yet both of these enterprises failed through the lack of sympathy and support to which they were justly entitled from the business men of the eity. At a much later period another effort was made to establish a Board of Trade, the merehants and business men liaving become thoroughly convinced that their interests demanded such an organization. Aecordingly, a short time previous to the breaking out of the war the preliminary steps were taken, a charter was obtained, officers were elected, committees appointed to procure suitable rooms, and make all other necessary arrangements to perfect the organization. But their labors were brought to a close by the breaking out of the war, when business of all kinds was interrupted, in consequence of which the Board of Trade had an existence only in name.

Thus matters stood until the spring of 1863, when an effort was made to revive the organization, which was partially suecessful, and regular stated meetings for discussion of topics of interest have, we believe, been held ever since this

But our purpose is not to deal with the past, but with the present and the future. We are satisfied that the large majority of our business men are convinced that an efficient Board of Trade is not only a desirable, but an indispensable organisation, through which not only evils complained of can be remedied, but the interest of every business can be promoted.

We are gratified to announce that within the past few weeks, by a resolution unanimously adopted by the Board of Trade, daily meetings have been established, and a large number of business men who are members, have pledged themselves to attend them either in person or through a representative for the purpose of eneouraging the enterprise, and to show that we can do in Louisville what has been and is doing alsewhere, namely, buy and sell goods on "change."

Thus far the meetings have been largely attended, and the interest manifested has exceeded the anticipations of the most ardent friends of the enterprise, and there is evinced a determination on the part of all to make the Board of Trade a permanent and successful insti-

Taking it for granted, therefore, that the Board of Trade of Louisville is established on a safe and permanent basis, we desire to offer to its managers a suggestion or two on certain points which we deem of interest and practical importance to all concerned.

The advantages to a city arising from the establishment of an energetic and efficient Board of Trade, are, in our judgment, apparent to every one at all conversant with their history. To those engaged in commercial pursuits, especially, the direct benefits derived from them are great, and will increase from year to year. It is well known, too, that the Board of Trade of our city has among its members a large number of our most influential, intelligent and en- is all important to them. to have a fixed system of taxa terprising citizens, whose hearts are in tion. These frequent changes and agitations of the questhe work, and who are engaged in the tion is ruinous to them. This has caused one or two capvarious branches of trade and manufactures, and its membership, we are in-

Now it occurs to us that the first great for several years at least.

In manufactured tobacco there has been no change able building for the use and accomoda- on medium and good leaf.

tion of its members, for it must of necesnecessity have a permanent and at the same time a local habitation, as well as a name. In the selection of a building either by purehase or otherwise, the greatest eare should be taken to have it in just the right place, and in every way adapted to the required merits of the Board, such, for instance, as a room large and convenient for its daily meetings, a reading room, rooms for eommittees, and a suitable room for a library. Has it ever occurred to the merchants and business men of the city, that while claiming a population of one hundred thousand inhabitants, there is not within the limits of the city such a thing as a public library of any sort? no, not even in eonnection with our admirable system of public education.

Employing the language of one who has had great experience in matters of this sort, we say that there is not a business man in the city, not an editor or a commercial writer, not a member of our State legislature, not one of our representatives in congress who does not have oceasion to seek, eollect and use commercial information that is seattered over the world, distributed through newspaper files, buried np in books difficult of aecess, and which should be found in the Board of Trade library, and accessible to its members. How much longer shall this continue to be a standing reproach to our eity? Where are the rooms to which a Louisville merchant ean take his friend from a distance, and his eustomers, and say to them with just pride, these premises belong to the business men of the eity, and here is the place where you can meet them and obtain the latest commercial information from any part of the country? We need such a place, and shall we not have it, and that right speedily? Not only is it needed for the business men among us, but for the hundreds of our young men who would gladly avail themselves of the privilege of resorting to the library and reading room, and spend their leisure hours in acquiring useful knowledge, and thus avoid the many temptations to evil which are ever present during their hours of idleness.

We understand that this whole subject is now in the hands of an able Committee of the Board of Trade, and we trust that our suggestions, in so far as they may deem them practicable, will be favorably eonsidered by them. They are good, praetical, intelligent business men, and we shall await their report with a good deal of interest.

Home.-Home should be viewed as a social nursery within whose protecting walls a young lady must fit herself for a higher and more difficult sphere. It is the place of opportunity, the dressing-room of life, the ante-chamber leading into the great hall of assembly, in which she is bound to act some more or less important part .- Young Ladies' Coun-

Weekly Review of the Louisville MARKETS.

Office of the LOUISVILLE INDUSTRIAL AND) COMMERCIAL GAZETTE. Friday Evening, Dec. 15, 1865

Our readers will find elsewhere in this number, a carefully revised and corrected report of our City Markets up to hour of going to press, obtained from the most reliable sonrces, on l we are, therefore, enabled to give a correct statemeet. Among the articles which have experienced both a rise and decline during the past week, we notice the fol. lowing in the line of Groceries:

Gorr. z.-Fer good quality of Rio., ranges frem 281/2 to 32; best quality of Java, 50@52. Sugar, \$\frac{1}{2}\dagged18c.; for N. O. fair hard standard

201/22. Havana white remains steady at 18/419. Molasses, A gal., medium and beet quality of Eastern Syrup ia fair request at 65@1.40 do, Kegs, \$1.25@\$1.75. Plous has experienced no material change.

quote enperfine at \$7.50 @\$8.00; extra family at \$10.50@ \$11.25; plain extra \$9.00@\$9.50. DEUGS .-- We quote a small advance on Copperas rang ing from 31/4 to 4; Morphia \$8.25@\$8.50; Sugar Lead, in active demand at 70c., an increase of from 10 to 20c. from last quotations; other articles remain firm at old

Oils .- Best quality of Coal Oil 83c.; Linseed is steady

at \$1.53@g1.55, with a fair demand for the former. Day Goods.-This department shows no materia changes, except a uniform price for Brown Sheetings, at 311/4; Drills are equally firm at 35@36; and we may remark in this connection, that cotton goods are unusually

active, with a still more upward tendency. ToBacco.-The proposition before Congress to change the revenue tax from the manufactured article to the raw or leaf, is creating some discussion among business men. The planters and dealers in the leaf, all oppose the taxati n of leaf under a system of Government Cus.

tom House officers, Their opposition is based upon the impression that is would retard and disconrage the planter. Onr Louisville manufacturers seem to be divided on the question. Il italists of our city to abandon the business. We believe the opinion of most of our business men, is, that 40c on the manufactured article is too high; but whatever formed, is steadily and rapidly increasing. eystem is adopted, should in its main feature be fixed

need of the Board is a desirable and suit- sales active; in leaf toosoco, 1/2 advance in lugs, and la

Jouisbille Tholesale Prices.

CAREFULLY CORRECTED For the Week ending Friday, Dec. 15'65.

Cod \$\frac{1}{2} d'ni \$\frac{1}{2} bbl \quad 10 \quad Heoring \$\frac{1}{2} box \quad 75@80 \quad 8ard's \$\frac{1}{4} bx \$\frac{1}{2} 100 \$\frac{3}{2} 1a32 *In filling small orders, higher pr ces are asked. BAGGING & ROPE. FLAX SEED. P'r 100m % yd Hand do \$2.60 Ma'ne Rope # 10 17@17 FRUIT. 151/2@161/2 BAGS. BEANS. \$1 50 BEESWAX. \$11.00 \$5@16 40@42 Yellow & Ib BROOMS Oranges Dates & Ib Citron Fliaker & don GINSENG. T5@8 BUTTER. GLASS. 30@35 B box with dis. 8x10 8 10x12 8 12x18 CANDLES. \$5.40@5.75 \$5.75@6.10 \$7.20 Star 13 oz 1 lb Light weight Adamantine Tallow GRAIN. Barley % bus \$1.05@1.30 do Malt \$1.35@1.55 Wheat \$1.50@2 35 Corn shelled 75@85 CANDIES Assorted & D CEMENT, Lou. Hyd \$ bbl \$2.75@\$3.00 Corn ear Oats Rye CHEESE. W Reserve (2) D 22@22½
Hamburg
Englis Dairy
Pine Apple

D 22@22½
22½
22½
25@26
40 CIDER. 署 barrel COAL. HEMP. Pittsburg & bush Pomeroy Ky rough ton \$185@200 Ky dressed HIDES.

COFFEE Rio & lb Laguyra Java CORNMEAL. Green & Ib l'ry salted Flint Unbolted B bush 50@60 Bolted 75@85 HOPS. Eastern new @ D CORDAGE. IRON. Manilly & QI American Homp Jute RON.
Pig ton h't bl'st
Cold bl's \$ ton
Bar \$ ib
Horp Coopers
Sheet
7
Beiler \$5
Nall-red
Castings
Prileys COOPERAGE. Pork bbis
Whi5key bbjs
Flour bbis
Ham Tierces
Slack bbis
Lard keggs
Lard tierces \$2 00 \$1 00 \$2 15 75@85 \$1.60 10@101/2 LARD. Tierce & D Keg LEAD. COTTON. c0@33

Ordinary
Low middling
Middling Pig % D Middling Good Middling COTTON YARNS. No 500 \$ dos No 600 No 700 | Harness | Skirring | Skirring | Skirring | Skirring | Skirring | State | Sta Batting & D 65(48 DRUGS & DYES. Alum ₩ lb Asafætlda Blue Mass Bulsam Copavi \$1.20 LIME. Borax cenned Bine Vitriol LUMBER.

Brimstone flour Copperas Citric Acid \$1.00@1 MOLASSES. Pettorico 3g \$1.10@1.20
Eastern syrup 65c@31.40
do kegs \$1.25@1.75
NAVAL STORES.
 Cream Tartar
 58@62

 Cochinal
 \$1.55@1.65

 Camp'r rsfi'd
 \$1.35@1.40

 Epsom Salt4
 534@6½
 Gum Arabic Gum Myrrh \$5.00@ NAILS. 10ds & keg & D \$1.10@1.5 Iodine resnb \$6.50@6 \$7.65 OFFALL.

Logwood extract 15@19
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15 lorphia 2 oz \$8 25@8.50 lagnes a carb 50 pium \$9.00@9.25 Magnera carb
Opium \$0.00(49 25)
Putty \$100™ \$9.00
Potash liveri \$4.75(45.00)
Potash Chloriate 600565
Sngar Lead 70
Soda. Ash 10
Sal ~oda 7½
Soda Bi Carb 11½(415)
Quiniue Snl \$2,55(42.75) Middling \$20.000 OILS & PAINTS.

Limed & doz Freeh 33@35 FLOUR. FLOUR.

Sup'f # bbl \$7.50@8.00

Extra Fam \$10,00@11.00

Plaic Extra \$0.00@9.50 OIL CAKE. ONIONS. DRY GOODS. ROWN SHE TING A SHIATING PAPER. Great Western

EGGS.

Laurel Hill Standard East'n Standard East'n 31½
Pepperell E fine B yd 31 BL'ED SEEETING A CHIETING N Y York mills Louisdale

Ilope
TICKI GS.
A moskeag A C A Conestoga 4 4 extra 62% POTATOES.
do 7-8 67% Nechanoc 3 1 do TRIPES. Shirtings 22@35

According to quality PRINTS.
Standard Merrimac Lendon Monr Duchess B 25@621/2 Hams plain B 28 23 21 20 Sugar cared Duchess B Wamsutia Stag's Rib sides SMARDICO CINGRAMS 28@32 25@32 G asgow Hamilton Panchester Pacific ORSET JEANS. 30@421/3 Standard

Kentucky # yd 35@90 SALT.
Ohio B bush
Kanawha
do bbls 280 bs Standard Amoskeag fine 371/2 Dalry & bush Turk's island AMBRICS. Paper Colored SALTPETRE. Coats' % dos Clarkes Reflued & b \$1.15 \$1.15 SHOT. FEATHERS. 70@75 11@12

| 3 | 10 | 70@75 | FISH. | 1 | large | 3 | bbl | do medium | \$12 | do do h'lf bbl | do Ne 2 | large bbl | \$20.00 | do med'm new | \$18.00 | do do half bbl | \$2.50 | de do Kitts | \$2.50 | SPICES. Cloves & D Nutmags Pepper Pimento Cinger STRAW.
Baled # ton
SKINS. Racco Mink Sheep coons each 50@60 kk \$3.00@4.00 ep wool on \$1.00@2.00 SEED. Clover rd bus \$8.75@9.25 Timothy \$3.45@4.00 Hemp Blue Grass Orchard

TEAS

51467

111/2@121/2 LEATHER. 7 10
Oak sole city tan 48(35)
Hemlock sole 38(40
Beffalo slaughter 42(44)
Harness 40
Skirring 48
Klasking city 85(31)

\$1.55@1.75 Rough poplar 2 M \$28.00 Pine common \$35.00

FFALL.

Bran # ton \$13 00@13 00

Shorts \$20.00@432.00

Sh'p stuff \$23.00@23.00

Middling \$20.00@30.00 DILS & PAINTS.
Lard # gal \$2 20@2.40
Coal best Elissed \$1.53@1.55
Castor \$3.75@3.90
Tanners Bank \$1.60
Lubricating 50@95
Straits # gal \$1.60
White Lead \$2 25@4.371½
Red Lead \$15.00@18 00
Litberage 15@18

\$2,75@3.00

Cr Wrapping bdle \$1.00 \$1.50 \$2.00

Double er	\$2.00
PLATES,	Tin pi't I C % box \$17.00
do 1 X	\$21.00
do 1 C roofing \$17.00	
do 1 X roofing \$20.50	
do D X	\$0.22
do I C 14x20 h'gt \$18.00	
Copper sheet % D	55
Copper bottoms	65
Metalic bottoms	32½
Hollow ware country	7
Block Tin by pig	50
Lead	15@16
POTATOES.	

Nechanoc 3 bbl Northern \$3. 3 bbl \$2.75 \$3.00@3.10 PROVISIONS. Pork Mess 2 bbl \$20@30 Pork Prime Perk Rump

Clear sides
Shoulders
Beef Mass 3 bbl
Beef dried 3 D

RICE. 111/2@13 \$3.05 75@85 \$1.00 27@30 Patent % bag \$3.90@3.94 Buck \$4.25@4.50

SOAP.
Palm # 10
German No
do No
Castile 12@13 22½@25

Com leaf Med'm " Good " Fine " FEAVY.
Com lugs
Good "
Com leaf
Med'm "
Good "
Fine "
Selections

TWINE.

Cotton & D

VINEGAR.

WHISKY.

Raw Rectified French's do New Copper Old Copper New Br'bn Oid do

Unwashed Tnb washed

WOOL.

85c@\$1.10

30@35 56@66

5,269

15,82

2,807 10,996 3,013

22,573

16,186 6,501

\$2.50@3.00 \$2.00@2.50 \$1.25@1.40 Selections
ANI FACTURED TOBACCO.
Black sewet—
8s & 10s 70%
Do 1/s 71%
Navy Pounds
Do 1/s pounds
Bright fine—
pounds \$100.61. Barley Spring Wheat 161/2@18 N O fair do prime
Refined Yellow 16½@19
Island 15@18
Hard Standard 20½@@21
Havana White 18@19 pounds \$100.@1.50
Medium bright—
pounds \$1.40@1.20 STARCH. Madison & D STEEL. 7@8

Cast & lb American German SPIRITS. Alcohol % gal \$4.50@5 00
Neutral epirite \$2.50
Schreder's Bitters
% box \$12
Brandy % gal \$12@25
do American \$2.40
Gir Holled \$12@25 \$2.40 \$7.50 \$2,00 Gin Holland do American Rnm Jamaica \$2.00 do American

TALLOW Grease 🛪 🗈 Rendered Gunp'dr % 1 50@2.50 Black \$1.00@2.00 TOBACCO.

WOODEN WARE. \$1.50@5.50 \$5.50@6.50 Com lugs Good

Buckets p'td \$3,60@3 75 Churns \$13.00@15,00 Tubs \$1 nest \$3.40@5.2.25

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE IMPORTS AND EX-PORTS BY RIVER AND RAILBUAD FOR EIGHT MUNTHS, ENDING OCTOBER 31, 1865. Reported from the books of the Merchants' Apples, lbs.....
Do. dried...
Barley, sks....
Bac n, tcs....
butter, pkgs....
Bazging, pieces
Eale rope, coils.
Cotton, bales... Eggs, pkgs llogs, bead.... llemp, bales...

Lard, kegs ... Malt, sks .. Nails, kgs .. Oats, sks Do bulk Potatoes, bhls Rye, sks. Sbeep head. Soap, boxes. Sirup, pkgs. Sugar, hh e Do bbls. Salt, bble .. Wheat, sks White Lead, kgs.

New Advertisements.

Thos. Anderson, W. L. McCampbell. Jno. W. Armstrong, Jno. A. Orr.

ANDERSON, & CO.,

IMPORTERS

AND

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

GOODS

Old No. 518, New No. 187 MAIN ST., NOBTH SIDE, BET. FIFTH & SIXTH

LOUISVILLE, EY.

S. ULLMAN & CO.,

WHOLMSALE DEALERS IN

GOODS

New No. 159,

(OLD NO. 430,)

MAIN STREET,

North Side, between Fourth and Fifth,

B. HRSS, J. P. BAMBERGEE. LOUISVIlle, Ky. S. ULLMAN,

New Advertisements.

HAYNES, NEEL & CO.

(Formerly Jas. M. Stevens.)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HOSIERY! GLOYES. NOTIONS. FANCY GOODS. Cider % bbl \$11.50@14.00 White Wine % gal 60@70 \$2.25@2.27 \$2.20@2 35 \$3.25 \$2.50@3.00 \$3 25@3.50 \$2.50@3.00 \$5.25@1.10

&c., &c.

No. 241 Main St.,

NEARLY OPPOSITE LOUISVILLE HOTEL

Louisville, Ky.

Logan Co., Ky.

TERRY & SMITH,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

243 MAIN ST.

Between Sixth & Seventh

Louisville, Ky.

REDUCED unted Rubber
with Pencil.
with Pencil.
with Pencil.
with acting
rethacting
forew ox.
a & Fencil.
a & Fencil.
a & Pencil.
a & Pencil.
a & Pencil.
a & Pencil.
coll Rubber
coll. Price List. 8 Masonic 4 Enreka,

These Pens bear my trade mark 'C. P. Barres extra. Lov. Ky.' for which I have secured the copy right, and LOU. AX. for which I have seemed the COPY RIGHT, and are WARRANTED equal in fineness of material and work-manship to the best Eastern Menufacture, and are believed to be superior to all others in durability and other substantial qualities which combine to make a really serviceable pen. Sent by mail or express on re-ceipt of price and RETURN CHARGES, (if by mail, at my risk when 20 cents is added for registry,) name and address plainly.

Postage on single pen THERE GENTS, pen with any case, or holder and box, six cents. Old pens repaired for Fifty cents (and stamp) each.

Clergymen supplied at half price. Address, C. P. BARNES, Gold Pen Mannfacturer, and Agent for American Watches, Cor. 5th & Main Louisville, Ky.

The Whittier and Ainsworth HORSE POWER Drilling Machine,

For Boring Artesian Wells

FOR OIL, SALT, or WATER.
THIS MACHINE IS NOT A NEW THIS MACHINE IS NOT A NEW and untried inventies, like many of the present day, gotten up by men of no experience. But it has been in constant use, and improved and thoroughly tested by men of genins and ong experience in drilling, who have used it for eight years is boring artesian wells, through the hardest fiint and lime rock for water. It has proven its entire superiority over all other machinery for drilling, and challenges the world to produce an other that can do the same work as fast for the same money. It is very simple, and combines strength and durability in its construction, and much greater e-onomy in its working than has ever been attained by any other Machine now in use. It is easily worker with one horse, and requires but two men who with ordinary mechinical capacity and industry, 'an drill from twenty to thirty feet per day in ordinary rock. By the construction of the bitt it drills a smooth, true and perfect bole from three to six inches in diameter, requiring no reamer, or man to turn the drill. The tools have an independant drop, and make from forty to sixty licks per minute, depending upon the length of strokes. The attachment for hoisting tools and sand pumping are such that it can be done very quick, consequently may be done very often, (without the loss of time,) which is of so great advanage in drilling. This Machine is furnish d with everything complete, and all ready to commence operations as soon as *tup, which can be done by any mechanic in one hour?a time. If can be loaded on an ordinary two horse wagon and is easily transported. The price of these Machines, with six hundred feet of rope, and every verything complete, is \$900 at the shop. For further particular-, call or address,

G. WHITTIERS & CO., or

Inventors and sole manufacturers, Fortam-uth, Ohle, P. S.—Mr. Morgan is engaged in leasing and releasing and derel ping Oil and Mineral Territory, taking erdars for Machinery, and contracting for toring Oil wells, and will furnish tubing Fumps and Tanks at short settes, and reasonab

Zusiness Directory.

Agricultural Warehouses.

PITKIN, WIARD & Co. 96 Main St., betweer 3d & 4th, sonth side J. D. BONDURANT & Co. 105 Main St. bet. 5th & Bullitt. Co., '05 Main St. bet. JULIUS BARBAROUX
3d & 4th, north side.
BRINLY. DODGE & HARDY. 112 Main
St., bet. 3d & 4th.

St., bet. 3d & 4th.

Auction & Commission.

THOS. ANDERSON & Co., Main bet. 5th & 6th.

Architects.

Architects.
BRADSHAW & BRO.
64 Main, bet. 3d & Furniture.
JOHN M. STOKES &
SON, Main, bet. 2d & Ath.
STANCLIFF & VOGDES, Hamilton block.
cor. Main & 6th.
Boots & Shoes.
INGALLS & CO., 165

3d.
JOHN SIMM, Main,
bet. 8th & 9th.
Groceries, &c.
JACOB F. WELLER,
99 West Main, bet. 3d
& 4th.
JARDNER & CO., 196 Main St., Dec. 5th.

PlATT & ALLEN, 154
W. Main, bet. 5th & Main.

Main.

Main.

Main.

Main.

Main.

Main.

Main.

MER, 143 Main, bet.

4th & 5th.

CUCK, DAVIS & CO.,

222 Main, bet. 8th & Main St., bet. 4th A

322 Main, bet. 8th & 9th.

9th.

610 Main, bet. 6th 4
7th.

LISHY, WHITE 4
COCHRAN. 214 W
Main, next cor. 6th
M. C. BUXBAUM 4
CO., Main, bet. 5th 4
6th.

SUTCLIFF, OWEN 4
WOOD, 189 north side
Main.

WOOD, 189 north side
Main.

Boiler Makers.
JOHN PEARCE, Eain,
bet. 11th & 12th.
JOSEPH MITCHELL,
Main, bet. 12th & 13th
south side.

MUCRE, BREMAKER
& CO., Main bet. 7th
& 8th.
MURRELL, CASTLE-MAN & CO., Main,
bet. 5th & 6th.
BROWN & BRO., Main,
bet. 8th & 9th bet. 8th & 9th. ENGELHARD & Co.

south side.

Commission.

DORN, BARKHOUSE
& CO., 157, W. Main.
GEO. W. WICKS, 102
Main bet. 3d & 4th.
STINE & CO., 69 Main
Street.

A ENGELHARD & Co.
Msin, bet. 2d & 3d.
TAYLOR CRANE,
Main, bet. 7th & 8th,
north side.
JOHNSTON, MITCHELL & CO, 637 Main.

Cement Nanufact'rs
SCOWDEN, RHORER
& CO., 4th, bet. Main
117 Main, bet. 3d &

**CO., 4th, bet. Main and river Coal Dealers.
CHARLES MILLER, 4th bet. Main & river.
Crockery.
GODSHAW, F LE X.NER & CO., W. Main bet. 6th & 7th.
Carpets, 0th Cloths. W. H. McKNIGHT, 114
Main, bet. 3d & 4th.
F. G. MATHERS & Co., 106 Ma(n, bet. 3d & 4th.
F. G. MATHERS & Co., 106 Ma(n, bet. 3d & 4th.
Carriages.
C. BRADLEY, Main, bet. 7th Andrew Co., 255 Main.
L. F. STONE, near s. e. cor. Main and 1st.
BAKER & RUBEL, Main bet. Brook & Floyd.
HORACE GOOCH, Jefferson, bet. 3d & 4th.
JOHAN BROEKH & FLEXNER, n. w. cor. Main & 5th.
JONES & TAPP, 200 Main St.
KAHN & WOLF, n. e. cor. Main & 5th.
HARRIS, NAIIM & ROSENAU, n. w. cor. Main and 3th.
Dry Goods.

**A. KHMCR & CO., 3d & 4th.
Gold Pens.
Flats and Caps.
PATHER & SMITH,
160 Main.
HEETER & CHAUDOIN, 108 Main, bet. 5th and 6th.
J. C. DOHONEY & CO., 255 Main.
THOMPSON & EDLEN
189 Main, bet. 2d and 3d, 6th.
190 Main, bet. 6th A.
Gold Pens.
Flats and Caps.
PATHER & ShITH,
160 Main.
HE ETER & CHAUDOIN, 108 Main, bet. 2dand 5th.
HA Ath.
Gold Pens.
Gold Pens.
Gold

NAUTS & REAMER, 247 W. Main. Main & 5th.

Main & 5th.

Dry Goods.

T. & R. & LE V 1 N & CAIN, 217 W. Main.

J. M. ROBINSON & CO., 185 W. Main, bet. 5th & 6th.

BAMBERGER, BLOOM & CO., 193 Main St.

TAPP, KENNEDY & WALSH, 265 West Main, bet. 5th & 6th.

CARTER & BRO, n. e cor. 6th & Main.

JOS. T. TOMPKINS.

6th St., bet. Main & DANNIES & CAMER.

MAUTS & REAMER, 247 W. Main.

Lamps, 0tl, &c.

Main, bet. 4th & 5th.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

133 Main bet. 4th and 5th.

Liquors, &c.

COCHRANE & FULTON, 330 Main.

WELLER & BUCK
NER, 223 W. Main.

J. MONK & COEB, 287

Main, bet. 7th & 8th. 6th St., bet. Main & BRANDIES & CRAW D. B LEIGHT & CO., FORD, s. W. cor. 1st

253 Mail:
A N D E R S O N, McCAMPBELL & CO.
Main, bet. 5th & 6th
WM. KRIGSHABER
Main, bet. 5th & 6th
LOCK & CO., Main
bet 8th and 9th.
C. HEN R Y FINK,
Market, bet. 1st and
Brook.

Main, bet. 5th & 6th
S. ULMAN & CO., Main
bet. 4 h & 5th.
J. VON BORRIES & CO.
163 Maiu, bet. 5th &
6th
W. H. WALKER & Co. F. HELLMAN & SONS
Main bet 5th & 6th.

Millinery Goods.

Millinery Goods.

Millinery Goods.

Millinery Goods.

L. & G. BRONNER &

Main, north side.

Drugs & Chemicals.

R. A. ROBINSON & stairs.

CO., 515 Main, bet.
5th & 6th.

CO. 473 Main, up

Stairs.

CANNON & BYERS,
Main bet. 5th and 6th. Main, north side.

CO., 515 Main, 5th & 6th.

Sth & 6th.

Muin bet. 5th and Co., 197, W. Main.

J. S. MORRIS & SONS, 154 Main, bet. 4th & HINZEN & ROSEN, Market bet. 6th & 7th.

Main bet. 5th and 3d.

Main bet. 5th and 3d.

Main, bet. 2d and 3d.

Market bet. 6th & 7th. bth.

HENRY CHAMBERS

& CO., Main, bet. 3d

& th.

Machine Supplies.

Machine Supplies. WILSON & PETER, Machine Shop.

141 Main, bet. 4th & FERGUSON & LEW-

5th.

Express Companies.

ADAMS' EXPRESS,
6th, bet. Main & MarWM. SKENE & CO., Bullitt, bet. Main and

Fancy Goods, Notitions, &c.
H.S. BUCKNER, Main bet. 5th & 6th.
PORTER & FAIRFAX,
190 Main.
R. BROWN & CO., 199
Main.

Main.

E. KLAUBER & CO., 199
Market.
J. H. WRIGHT & CO., 186, s. side Main.

HAINES, NEAL CO., 186, s. side Main.

HAINES, NEAL CO., Main bet. 1st and 2d.

Plow Manufactur's J. S. LITHGOW & CO., BENJ. F. AVERY, cor. 15th and Main. Saddlery, &c. J. T. SMITH & CO.,

WM. WEIR, Main bet. 12th and 13th. 220 Main. 220 Main. JOHN CROSS Main, bet. 5th and 6th. WM. H. STOKES & CO., 178 Main bet. 5th and 6th.

CO., 178 Main bet. 5th and 6th.

Spokes & Hubs.
CLARK & FULTON,
Main and river.
SHIRLEY, WOOLFOLK & Co., 4th, bet.
Main and river.
Stoves, &c.
BEACH, FASSETT &
CO., 62 Main bet. 2d
and 3d.
BhIDGEFORD & CO.

BhlDGEFORD & CO. Woolen Mills-Hope.
6th, bet. Main and river.

BROWNELL & CO., of-fice 69 Main.

Miscellaneous.

JOSEPH W. MORRILL.

J. T. SMITH & CO.,

No. 220, (Old No. 609,) Main St., Louisville, Ky., (Next door above Louisville Hotel.)
Manufacturers, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in

Saddlery, Harness, Saddlery Hardware, TRUNKS,

Bags and Valises.

Our stock comprises a complete assortment of SAD-DLES, BRIDLES, FILLINGS and MARTINGALES, GIRTH and REIN WEB, RIDING and DRIVING WHIPS, BITS and Saddlery Il-rdware. In our Trunk Department will be found all kinds of LADIES and G-NTS TRUNKS, TRAVELING BAGS, VALISES, SATCHELS, and FRENCH MORGCOO SACS,

Among our IMPORTED GOODS of Our own Importation, we offer a large stock of STEEL and SILVER PLATED BRADOONS, SNAFFLES, and PELHAM'S STIRRUPS

IVORY RINGS, ENGLISH BEADS and REINS, and MARTINGALES, and French Morocco Sacs.

H. W. WILKES, Jr.

506 MAIN ST., North side, near Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Machine Belting, Bolting Cloth, Cotton Warps, Machine Cards, Hose and Packing.

Mill, Factory, Railroad and Oil Well Supplies of all kinds.

Catalogues sent free by mail. Factory discount to dealers

Game Fowls! Game Fowls! THE FOLLOWING VARIETIES OF A Fowls are bred true to name, from the purest American and English stock, and warranted dead game:

Prince Charles, Warriors,

Tartars, Mud-Jacks, Grey Eagles, Counterfeits, Rattlers, Irish Slashers, English Champions, Clippers. My Fowls have been repotedly tested, and in point of ourage, ferofity, and celerity of action, have no superlors.

All purchasers guarantied satisfaction: For further articulars, address

D. R. MASON,
Nov. 25-2t

Webster Groves, St. Louis Co., "Mo.

A. M'BRIDE, WHOLESALE & BETAIL DEALER I

Hardware & Cutlery OIL & MINING IMPLEMENTS. MANUFACTURER OF

Planes & Mechanics' Tools,

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FINE CATTLE,

CHEEP, HOGS and CASHMERE ed and for sale by ROBERT W SCOTT,

Near Frankfort, Ky Has been in the same business and on the same farm for over thirty years. All Animals carefully selected. Cattle under good halt ers, and other Stock in cages, with feed, &c.

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COTSWOLD SHEEP, ESSEX PIGS,
Black Spanish Fowls, and Aylesbury Ducks—all
from imported stock. Address E. C. ARMSTRONG,
Nov. 25—tf Florida, Orange Co., New York.

Cashmere Shawl Goats. FEW HALF and Three Quarter 1 bloods for sale cheap. Enquire at this office. Nov. 25-4f.

Fron Dealers.

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Between Sixth and Seventle, opposite Louisville Hotel, LOUISVILLE, KY.

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The New Albany Rolling Mill, and 'Duquesne' Nails & Spikes.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND, and sell at lowest market rates, all sizes of manu-

IRON, NAILS, SPIKES, STEELS

Peter Wright's' English Anvils. 'Burden's' Horse & Mule Shoes and Boiler Rivets.

STEELS. Wm. Jessep & Sons English Cast Steel.

German Sheet Blister Toe-Calk Spring Tire Mill Pick "

Best Eastern & Pittsburg Steel Springs.

CORDAGE. All sizes Manilla and Oil Well Rope. OAKUM.

Blacksmith's Tools, all descriptions Split & Sawed Plow Handles. Best Pittsburg Steel Plow Slabs, and Brinly Pattern Steel Plow and Shovel Plates. Steel Cultivator Teeth,

BOLTS, NUTS, WASHERS, WAGON-Boxes, Rasps, Files, Tweer-Irons, Fire-Drills; Fire-Benders, Pipe-Boxes, Steamboat Fenders, Anchors, Safes, Scales, Vises, Stocks and Dies.

Hollow-ware Castings, Every description.

Best Swede Nail Rods. Steel Broadcast Mould Boards Best Pittsburg Coal in hhds.

Highest market price paid for Cast and Wrought Iron Scraps

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LOUISVILLE, KY.

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All WARRANTED of the very BEST QUALITY Highest prices paid for Wrought and Cast Scrap and Old Metals.

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E. & F. Fairbanks & Co's.

No. 83, Corner Main & Third Sta. LOUISVILLE, KY.

Dec. 2-1y.

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BOLAND WHITNEY.

LOW

WHOLESALE

MANUFACTURERS.

AND DEALERS IN

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190 Main Street,

Between Fifth and Sixth, South Side,

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ALLEN.

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Between Fifth and Sixth,

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R. L. WHITE, JNO. COCHEANE, Late of Cardner & Co., Late of Boston Nashville, Tenn. Of Louisville.

LISHY, WHITE & COCHRANE,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

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AND AGENTS FOR

T3 / Eastern Manufacturers,

No. 214 MAIN Street, T. T. SHREVE, President. D. G. BLY, Vice Pres. & Treasurer.

(Old No. 603,)

NEXT TO CORNER SIXTH,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

INGALLS & Co.

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No. 165 MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Architects.

BRADSHAW & BRO.,

LILLIE'S SAFES. ARCHITECTS,

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Stoves.

J. S. LITHGOW

J. S. Lithgow & Co.,

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TINNERS' MACHINES

Hand Tools, &c. 85 & 87 North-West corner Third and Main Streets. Manufactured Tin Ware,

House Furnishing GOODS TO BE FOUND IN THE WEST.

BEACH, FASSETT & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR

Stewart's Celebrated

COOKING PARLOR STOVES

FOR WOOD OR COAL.

And Dealers in Stoves, Tin Ware.

Japaned Ware, & House Furnishing Goods

GENERALLY.

NO. 62 MAIN STREET.

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HOPE

INSURANCE COMPANY,

215 Fourth Street.

LOUISVILLE, KY. GUARANTEE CAPITAL, \$200,00**0**.

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LIGHTNING & TORNADO

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S. H. SOUTHWICK, Secretary.

D. P. FAULDS'

SOUTHERN

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BET. SECOND & THIRD.

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AND OTHER FIRST CLASS

PIANO FORTES S. D. & H. W. Smith's AMERICAN ORGANS, for Churches, Sunday Schools and Parlors, and Martin's Celebrated GUITARS.

and Martin's Celebrated GULLAND.

Dealers and other purchasers supplied with the best
Italian Violin, Guitar, Banjo and Celle Strings, and
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS of every description.
I have always on hand the largest and best stock of
Music and Musical Works in the South and West.

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ers.
Any Music published in this country mailed free of charge on receipt of the price of the same. Send for a catalogue.
D. P. FAULDS,
Publisher of Music, Importers of Musical Goods, and Dealer in Plano Fortes, 70 Main Street, between Second and Third, Louisville, Ky.

Drn Goods.

BAMBERGER, BLOOM & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

193 Main St., north side,

(OLD NO. 524,)

LOUISVILLE, KY.

R. D. SLEVIN,

T. & R. Slevin & Cain.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

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Old No. 606 Main Street, New No. 217 Main Street,

Nearly opposite Louisville Hotel, LOUISVILLE, KY.

NOW RECEIVING, LARGE SUPPLIES OF SEASONABLE

FANCY & STAPLE

Goods, To which we invite the attention of the Trade.

J. A. CARTER.

JOBBERS IN

Staple and Fancy

AND

Cor. Sixth & Main Sts.,

LOUISVILLE, RY.

C. T. SUTFIELD. B. F. KARSNER.

J. M. ROBINSON & CO.,

WHOLESALR DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS!

Notions, &c.

No. 185 MAIN STREET,

BETWEEN FIFTH & SIXTH,

LOUISVILLE, KY

Commission.

United States Bonded WAREHOUSE

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO GENERAL

AND

FORWARDING MERGHANTS

157 West Main Street,

Louisville, Ky.

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Distilleries, Flouring, Cotton & Flax Mills; Tobacco, Cigar, Soap and Candle Manufactories; Malt, Hops & Barley; Imported and Domestic Wines and Liquors.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of all kinds of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS & PRODUCE We make liberal advances on consignments, and fill

FACTOR,

AND DEALER IN

BAGGING AND ROPE

AND ALL KINDS OF

Manufactured Tobacco, Cotton Yarns, &c.

102 Main Street, bet. Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Dry Goods.

W. J. TAPP, of Florence, Ala. THOS. J. TAPP, ate of Chamberlin & Tapp.

E. W. KENNEDY, of Florence, Ala. Ed. P. Walsh,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS

MOTIONS. DRY GOODS, R. W. Tuck, J. G. Davis, A. P. Tuck. NOTIONS, &C.

265 WEST (old No, 712) MAIN ST.

Between Seventh and Eighth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Groceries.

E. A. GARDNER.

C. H. GARDNER.

GARDNER&Co. GROCERS

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Coffee, Sugar, Syrups, Teas, Tobacco, Fish, Nails, Cordage,

Shot, Lead, Paper, Wooden Ware, &c.

196 MAIN STREET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Groceries.

A. H. & W. O. GARDNER,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

143 MAIN STREET

Between Fourth and Fifth.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

SUNDRIES. BAGS RIO COFFEE;

BAGS RIO COFFEE

25 hhds. Cuba and P. R. Sugar;
50 bbls. Ex. C. do.
60 bbls. Crushed and Gran, do.
30 casks E. Soda;
250 kegs Nalls, assorted;
250 packages Mackerel;
30 boxes Codfish;
100 packages Syrup.

For sale by
A. H. & W. O. GARI

A. H. & W. O. GARDNER.

NDIGO, MADDER, ALUM, EPSOM A Salts, Copperas, Ext. Logwood, Pepper, Spice, Wooden Ware, Brooms, Tea, Tobacco, Glass, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Blacking-Brushes, Pepper Sauce, Catsup, Ground Spices. For saic by

A. H. & W. O. GARDNER.

GEO. W. MORRIS.

WHOLESALE

DEALER IN Foreign Fruits,

No. 36,

West side Third Street,

BELOW MAIN,

LOUISVELLE, EY.

TUCK, DAVIS & CO. GROCERS

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. 322 MAIN STREET.

Between Eighth and Ninth, LOUISVILLE, KY.

JACOB F. WELLER.

WHOLESALE

No. 99 West Main Street,

Between Third and Pourth, LOUISVILLE, KY.

LOUISVILLE

GLASS WORKS J. A. KRACK & CO.,

VIALS, BOTTLES, DEMIJOHNS, JARS, TUMBLERS, GOBLETS, and COAL OIL LAMPS AND TRIMMINGS. Salesrooms on Main above 4th St., N. Side.

Factories cor. Clay and Franklin Sts. LOUISVILLE, KY.

Agricultural.



WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO

The best Two and Four Horse Wagons made.

PLOWS STRAW CUTTERS,

CORN SHELLERS, Sugar Mills, Burr Mills, Cider Mills, Corn Mills, Threshers

and Mowers, all sizes.

Mendenhall's Looms, Washing Machines
Riding Cultivators, Cotton Gins, Spinning Jennys, Wait's Patent Spinning Wheels and Reels. Cement, Plaster, White Sand, Lime.

J. D. BONDURANT & CO. MAIN, BETWEEN THIRD & FOURTH STS. Louisville, Nov. 25-tf

PITKIN, WIARD & CO. Louisville, Ky.

WE HAVE NOW IN STORE, AND

Grass Seeds.

5000 bushels Red Clover. 3000 bushels Timothy, 3000 bushels Blue Grass. 3000 bushels Orchard Grass,

3000 bushels Red Top or Herds Grass, 1000 bushels Hungarian, 1000 bushels Millet,

1000 bushels Hemp Seed,

Garden Seeds.

We have a large stock of genuine Garden Seeds, growth of 1865, which we are offering in bulk or neatly put up in papers, at low prices.

We have also a large stock of Landreth's Garden Seeds, which we are selling at regular prices. Send for a Catalogue.

IMPLEMENTS.

WE HAVE A LARGE ASSORT ment of Implements in store, embracing nearly every thing required for cultivating the soil. We have been engaged in selling Farm Implements and Machinery for the last 15 years, and buyers can always rely on getting those which have proven themselves the most successful after the most thorough trials.

Our stock consists in part of the following:

B. F. Avery's Cast Iron Plows, Indianapolis Steel Plows, Cincinnati Steel Plows, Cast Steel Plows, Cotton Scrapers, Harrows, Cultivators, Riding Cultivators.

Cummings' Cutting Box, Sandford's Cutting Box, Flour City Cutting Box, Rochester Cutting Box, Virginia Corn Sheller, Box or Western Sheller, Hominy Mills, Cot-

Portable Drag Saws (the best), &c. LIME, CEMENT, &c. We offer the following at the lowest cash prices:

1000 bbls Cement, 5000 bbls. White

Lime, 1000 bbls. Calcined Plaster, 500 bbls White Sand. PITKIN, WIARD & CO.

SUCCESSORS TO J. G. Dodge & Co. and Brinly, Dodge & Co. SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF

BRINLY'S PATENT

TORS & IMPLEMENTS KENTUCKY WASHER AND WRINGER,

GOODRICH'S PATENT SOR-GHUM EVAPORATOR,

J. G. Dodge's Kentucky

DEALERS IN Hardware, Farm Implements, &c. Agents for Louis' Oil Stone Works, Forsyth's Scales, Warehouse Trucks, &c., Huron Grindstones, Alum Patent Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, Cowing's Pumps, the Richmond Straw and Fodder Cutter, Brown's Cotton Gins, the best Reapers, Mowers, Cider Mills, Sugar Mills, etc., etc.

112 WEST MAIN, BET. THIRD & FOURTH STEERTS (SIGN OF THE GOLDEN PLOW), Louisville, Ky.

Loundries.

WASHINGTON

DAVIES & CO. Manufacturers of

Marine, Stationary and Portable

ENGINES

Tobacco, Grist & Saw Mill

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Boiler, Sheet-Iron, Copper

MACHINERY

JULIUS BARBAROUX,

and Brass Work.

MENUFACTURER OF

STEAMBOAT, STATIONARY AND PORTABLE

STEAM ENGINES. BOILERS, SHEET-IRON,

Brass and Copper Work, CIRCULAR SAW MILLS, Sorghum Sugar Mills, Mill Machinery, Cast and Wrought Iron Screw Pipes, Force & Lift Pumps of various kinds.

Hydraulic Presses & Machinery FOR MANUFACTURING TOBACCO.

Tobacco Screws and Presses. Cast and Wrought Iron Railing and Verandahs.

CRAIG'S EXCELSIOR COTTON AND



Paented May 7, 1861, and July 4, 1865 Premium taken at the Rentucky State Agricultural Fair, 1865.

This Press consists of but few parts, all simple

and substantial.

One mule (or horse) and five hands can press from 50 to 60 bales, weighing 500 lbs each, in one day of 10 hours; the bales, when fuished, being 24 inches square and 4 feet long, or can be made, if desired, 20 inches square and 4 feet long; thus avoiding the necessity of compressing them again for the Ship, and saving at least one half the bagging and rope, besides a great saving in freight and hauling.

hauling.

The Press, complete, (frame of the best white oak and well painted,) will be furnished at my Factory for \$600, or delivered on board Boat, or at Rallread Depot, for \$625. When the purchaser prefers, a complete set of irons, with drawings in detail, so that any carpenter can get out the timber and put up the Press, will be furnished for \$450, including the right to use, delivered on Boat, or at Railread Depot. The Press, complete, weighs 8000 lbs; the irons only 1800 lbs.

chinery. Special attention given to the manufacture of Engines, Boring Tools,

Oil Well Tools and Ma-

AND OTHER MACHINERY USED IN BORING FOR OIL & SALT. y full stock of the best description of Tools always on hand, such as

Centre Bits, Reamers, Jars, Joints, Temper Screws, Rope Sockets, Sand Pumps, Rope Sheaves, Beam Plates, &c., &c. Orders for any of the above articles, accompanied by Corner Floyd and Washington Streets.

LOUISVILLE, KY. MARKET STREET

Iron Works.

SNEAD & CO. MARKET STREET

> Between Eighth and Ninth, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Clothing.

CHAS. C. JONES.

PRES. H. TAPP.

TAPP,

WHOLESALE

CLOTHIERS.

NO. 200,

MAIN STREET.

Louisville, Ky.

& CO.,

Manufacturers

AND JOBBERS

OF

FINE

CLOTHING

AND

HUKNISHING GUUDS, HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS

Corner Sixth & Main sts.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Manufactory 317 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

Dec. 9-1y.

Hats and Caps.

HATS & CAPS!

Superior Inducements Offered!

THOMPSON & EDELEN

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

ESTRAW GOODS,

189 WEST MAIN STREET,

(Between Fifth and Sixth,) Are this day, (Dec. 1st), receiving end opening one of the largest and best selected stocks of Ladies',

Gents', Boys' and

Childrens' HATS AND CAPS

fiver brought to this market. Purchasing for cash, directly from the manufactures, we are prepared to defy

no Buyers are respectfully invited to call and examine or stock. ma Orders promptly filled and shipped, and instructions strictly followed.

na Orders productions strictly followed.

na Bemember the number,

189 West Main Street.

THOMPSON & EDELEN.

Hats and Caps.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HATS, CAPS

Straw Goods,

FURS, LADIES

218 Main Street,

2d door East of Louisville Hotel,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

HIRSCH & FLEXNER.

WHOLESALE DEALERS

HATS, CAPS

STRAW GOODS,

New No. 169,

(OLD NO. 502,)

Northwest Corner 5th & Main Streets, up Stairs,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Dec. 9.-1y.

J. W. HERTER.

T. C. CHAUDOIN. HEETER & CHAUDOIN

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

LADIES' FURS.

CALL ATTENTION OF MER.

Mens' Fur and Cassimere Hats, Mens' Wool Hats,

Boys' Men's Cloth, Velvet and Cassimere Caps, Mena' Fur Caps,

Boys' Cloth, Cassimere and Velvet Caps, Ladies' and Misses Trimmed Hats, And a good assortment of

LADIES' FURSI

We huy our goods directly from the Manufacturers and believe we can sell you all the goods in our line as cheap as you can huy them in any market in this country. Call and see us when you come to Louleville, and we will satisfy you that you can make money hy buying your goods of

HEETER & CHAUDOIN. 198 Main St., bet. Fifth & Sixth, South side, LCUISVILLE, KY. (Old No. 527,)

72 Main St., between Second and Third, WHOLKSALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

HATS and CAPS,

Men's Furnishing Goods,

LADIES' FURS.

HAVE A SPECIAL DEPART ment fitted up expressly for the display of Furs. My stock is very large, embracing the finest Minks, Fitch, Squirrel, Martin, and all the medium grades. Also,

Ladies' Fur Trimmed Hoods, Carriage and Lap Robes.

LOWEST MARKET PRICES, AT WHOLE-SALE OR RETAIL.

WM. F. OSBORN,

72 Main Street, between Second & Third.

Hats and Eaps.

AND

The Largest Stock

IN THE CITY

FOR SALE

CHEAP FOR CASH. By the Dozen or Case, at

Prather & Smith's, 160 MAIN STREET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Des 16 y

C. W. HITCHCOCK,

J. C. Dononny, Kentucky. J. C. Dohoney & Co.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HATS, CAPS≅STRAW GOODS

255 MAIN STREET, (North side, Second Door below Seventh, Up Stairs,)

Louisville, Ky.

Paper.

FALLS CITY PAPER MILLS,

Nos. 13, 15 and 17 Washington St., above First, LOUISVILLE, KY.

MOORE, BREMAKER & CO. MANUPACTURERS OF

Plate, Collar, Fine Book, Music and News Paper.

Highest cash price paid for Bags, Rope, Cotton Waste, Old Books, Pamphlets, Newspapers, &c , &c. P. S.—Address all communications to Falls City Paper Mills.

New Wholesale

290 MAIN STREET,

South side, between Seventh and Eighth

LOUISVILLE, KY.

William Cromey,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

OF ALL KINDS.

BONNET BOARDS

Binder's Boards, Card Boards,

ENVELOPES Printing Inks, &c.

HAVING HAD NEARLY TWENTY
vears experience in this branch of business, I feel
confident I can make it to the interest of all persons
buying Paper to examine my stock before making their
purchases.

Orders by mail or otherwise shall receive prompt Highest market price in Cash paid for

Rags, Hemp and Grass Rope, &c.

WILLIAM CROMEY.

GUNPOWDER.

OBUBNYAL AND WUAWU GUNPOWDER,

No. 290 MAIN STREET, Bet. Seventh and Eighth, LOUISVILLE, KY.

A full supply of Sporting, Rifle and Blasting Powder and Safety-Fuse ALWAYS ON HAND & FOR SALE. Millinery.

WHOLESALE

Millinery Goods, CLOAKS,

AND

Until January 1st., we will continue to sell our stock of Goods as cheap as any house in the trade, and from the bottom of any hill of \$2,009 we will

Deduct 20 per cent.

From any bill of \$1,000, we will Deduct 10 per cent. From any bill of \$500, we will

Deduct 5 per cent.

And from any bill averaging more or less than either of the above amounts, we will make a

Corresponding Discount.

The majority of all our stock is STAPLE, FRESH, EX-CELLENT VALUE, desirable for any season of the year,

A Good Investment

For any one wishing to make good use of their surplu capital.

We have an execulent variety of Cloaks of the

Latest Designs, From the cheapest material to the richest velvet. They are all of our own manufacture, and are as good value as can be found anywhere.

Onr stock of

RIBBONS, VELVETS, LACES, HEAD-NETS, CLOAKS, OR-NAMENTS, BUTTONS, DRESS TRIMMINGS,

And many other varieties were all BOUGHT FOR THIS MARKET, and the purchases of those who examine them are the best evidences of their style and value. One principle reason why we offer those extra inducements, is that we are going to move to another store next month, but the other, and greatest reason is, that we NEED THE MONEY.

We advised our customers on the 10th inst, that we had receipts made out in full of their accounts with us, and requested them to send to as for them—just as we expected, they have faithfully commenced doing so, and from the present appearance of things, we have every reason to hope that they will all be sent for during the present month, and our treasury well replemished for the Spring trade.

OTIS & CO.

P. S.—Any one sending us orders will have the same benefits as those making their own selections. Namely, having their order filled at the lowest market rates, and if their bill amounts to \$2,000, they will be entitled to a discount of four hundred dollars (\$400). If their bill amounts to \$2,000, they will be entitled to a discount of one hundred dollars (\$100), and a greater or lower discount for a larger or smaller order.

135 MAIN STREET.

Millinery.

173 Main Street, (up stairs,)

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Ribbons, Silks,

Flowers, Feathers.

STRAW GOODS, LACES,

Pattern Bonnets, Trimmings, Hats, Head Netts, and

Milliners and Merchants

PANCY GOODS.

FROM THE SOUTH,

Buying in Loniaville, will have no occasion to look fun-ther for a stock adapted to their trade, as one of the firm in New York is always

FIRST IN THE MARKET.

And are supplied direct from importers and manufac-89 Franklin, New York. 49 Genessee St., Syracuse.

MILLINERY GOODS! wholesale.

CANNON & BYERS.

MAIN STREET.

Between Fifth and Sixth,

JOBBERS OF

Having a resident hayer in New York, are constantly supplied with every novelty in their line, as it appears in that market.

They fill orders promptly and carefully, and huy what they do not have in their own stock.

Louisville, Nov. 25-tf

Fancy Goods and Notions.

Notions, Hosiery, Gloves,

> &C. &C. No. 190 MAIN STREET,

SOUTH SIDE, BET. FIFTH & SIXTH

robisaiffe' ka.